



MultiFresh® MF

N°REV	DESCRIZIONE REVISIONE	DATA REV.	REVISORE

Dear Customer,

We would like to thank you for your trust in choosing an IRINOX blast chiller. Please read the manual carefully, it will give you all of the information necessary to keep your products in excellent state immediately.

It is therefore recommended to study this manual in order to make use of all potentialities and advantages that your IRINOX blast chiller can give you.

The correct functioning of the machine also depends on correct use.

Keep this manual near to the blast chiller, in a way that it can be consulted easily by yourself and the operators.

Enjoy your job with IRINOX!

Register with the Club Irinox online: www.irinox.com



The graphical representation of the controls present in the manual is aimed at making comprehension of the operations to be performed easier, in a way to use the IRINOX blast chiller immediately and with satisfaction.

Symbols key



suggestions and details for correct use of the blast chiller



standards for your safety



additional information in this manual

Information regarding the warranty and assistance

Warranty validity: of the individual parts for 12 months from the date of invoicing, as stated in the price list in force.

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For every request relative to your blast chiller, always indicate:

- The model
- The serial number

stated on the label on the model

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1. GENERAL DOCUMENTATION

1.1. GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

- This manual is an integral part of the product, it supplies all of the indications necessary for correct installation, correct use and maintenance of the machine.
- It is mandatory for the user to read this manual carefully and always make reference to it. Moreover, it must be kept in place that is known and accessible to the authorised operators (installer, user, maintenance technician)
- The blast chiller is intended for professional use and therefore only qualified staff can use it

- The blast chiller is destined only for the use for which it has been designed.
- The manufacturer declines all responsibility for any damage caused by incorrect or unreasonable use, as for example:
 - improper use by untrained staff.
 - modification or interventions that are not specific for the model.
 - use of non-original spare parts or that are not specific for the model.
 - failure to comply, even partial, with the instructions in this manual.

1.2 FOREWORD

Installation must be carried out by authorised and specialised staff, respecting the instructions in this manual. The manufacturer declares and assigns a Declaration of Conformity to the 98/37 Machinery Directive, to the 2006/95 Directive and to the 2004/108/CE Directive to each individual machine.

In compliance with directive 97/23/EC, based on the model the equipment is supplied together with the user manuals and declarations of conformity of the:

- · safety valve:
- · liquid receiver;
- · liquid separator;
- liquid receiver + separator;
- · compressors
- · oil separator;
- · safety pressure switches.

The joints made by IRINOX S.p.a. comply with the

standard EN14276-2

Whenever the machine is supplied with the remote condensing unit, it is the installer's responsibility to check all connections and issue a declaration of perfect execution and is in compliance with the provisions of the above-mentioned Directive.

The joints made by IRINOX S.p.a. comply with the standard EN14276-2

IMPORTANT NOTE: IRINOX reminds you that all the machines must undergo periodical inspections in compliance with national standards in force.

In particular, from the Italian market: the plant must be fully inspected, especially the integrity of the pressurised chiller circuits, after ten years of operation, as required in Italy by Annex B of the Ministerial Decree 1 December 2004 n°329 for assemblies belonging to categories I-IV containing fluids of group 2.

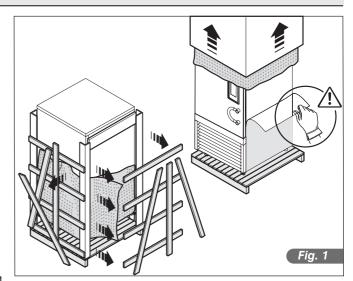
1.3 TRANSPORT AND HANDLING

- The loading and unloading of the appliance from the means of transport can be performed using a fork lift truck or transpallets with forks that have a length exceeding half of the length of the object. The lifting means must be adequately selected on the basis of the
- dimensions and weight of the packaged machine, indicated on the labels of the packaging.
- All necessary precautions must be adopted when handling the appliance in order not to damage it, respecting the indications positioned on the packaging.

1.4. UNPACKING

- Remove the cardboard or wooden packaging or crate from the wooden base on which the blast chiller is rested. Lift the blast chiller using suitable means (fork lift truck), remove the wooden base and position the machine in the envisioned place (see par. 2.2).
- After the packaging has been removed, check the integrity of the blast chiller.
- Remove the protective PVC film from all sides (Fig.1).
 When handling the packaging and the wooden base, use protective gloves.

N.B.: all of the various packaging components must be disposed of according to the Standards in force in the Country where the appliance is used. In all cases, nothing must be dispersed into the environment.



1.5. ELEMENTARY SAFETY STANDARDS

The responsibility of the operations performed on the machine, ignoring the indications stated in this manual, is implemented by the user.

Below find the main general Safety Standards:

- do not touch the machine with humid or wet hands and feet
- · do not operate the machine with bare feet
- do not insert screwdrivers, kitchen tools or other

between the protections and the moving parts.

- before carrying out cleaning operations or routine maintenance, disconnect the machine from the power supply mains, switching the master switch off and removing the plug.
- do not pull the power supply cable to disconnect the machine from the power supply mains.

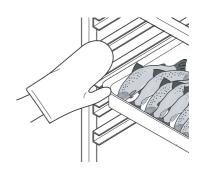
1.6. PRECAUTIONS FOR LOADING OR UNLOADING

LOADING

 When loading the machine, the use of kitchen gloves is recommended in order to prevent burns on contact with the hot trays and trolleys.

UNLOADING

- When the blast chilling and/or freezing cycle is terminated, open the door slowly until the fans stop.
- Extract the product core probe/s and position it/them on the probe/holder.
- Use gloves suitable for trays and cold trolleys.



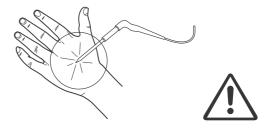
1.7. DANGEROUS USE OF THE POINTED PROBE

Use of the probe is only allowed by authorised staff, trained regarding use of the blast chiller.

The core probe must only be used for the purpose for which it has been designed: to detect the temperature at the centre of the food stuffs to be blast chilled and/or frozen.

Handle the probe with care. Its end is pointed to make insertion into the product to be blast chilled and/or frozen easier.

The ergonomic grip allows correct extraction and insertion.



1.8. PERIODICAL STAFF TRAINING

It is recommended to carry out periodical training of all staff, which is authorised to operate on the machine, regarding Safety Standards (installer, user, maintenance technician).

To prevent accidents or damage to the equipment, it is also recommended to periodically train staff regarding use and maintenance of the temperature blast chiller, making reference to this manual, which must be kept near to the machine, in a known and accessible place.



2. INSTALLATION

2.1. PLATE DATA

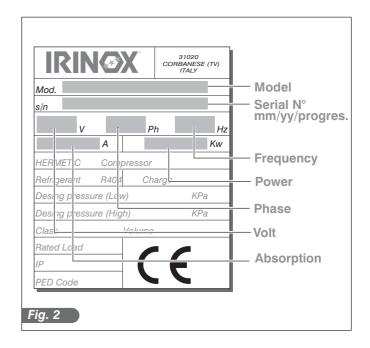
- Check that the plate data and the characteristics of the electric line correspond (V, kW, Hz, n° phases and power available)
- The plate with the appliance features is applied on the side (fig.2).

The eventual preparation of machine rooms for positioning the condensing units must follow the Standards in force in the country of installation regarding fire-prevention (contact the local fire department for the due indications).

It must also be considered that any intervention of the safety valve or fuse caps, currently in the refrigerator circuit, leads to the immediate discharge of all refrigerant used in the environment. Consequently, realise appropriate means of disposal and first aid as indicated in the refrigerant safety sheet () see par. 2.12).

Climatic Class:

 4 (environment temperature 30°C with relative humidity 55% non condensing) according to IEC EN 60335-1, IEC EN 60335-2-89, ISO 23953-2:2005 (E) Standards

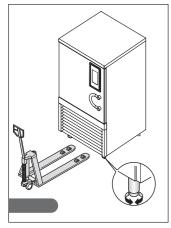


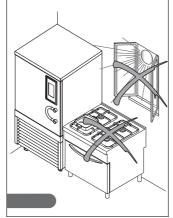
2.2. POSITIONING

- The blast chiller must be installed and inspected with complete respect of the accident-prevention legal Standards, traditional regulations and Standards in force.
- The installer must check any provisions on the subject of fire-prevention (contact the local fire department for the due indications).
- · Place the blast chiller in the place envisioned.
- Level the appliance using the adjustable feet. Use the relative lifting devices to level heavier machines (Fig.3).
- If the appliances are not levelled, their functioning ad the flow of condensate can be compromised.

To avoid (Fig.4):

- · Places exposed to direct sunlight
- Closed places with high temperatures and low air exchange (>> see Table 2).
- Do not install the machine near to any heat source.





- The remote units are manufactured to be installed in places protected against adverse weather conditions. The plants must be positioned on a levelled cement or steel base and must have the maintenance space according to the technical files. If installed on the roof or attic, beams should be provided which divide the weight. Furthermore the base must be sufficiently sturdy and capable of bearing the weight of the complete unit resulting from the technical data of the specific drawing. To avoid further vibrations or noise, it is recommended to use neoprene anti-vibration pads underneath the corners of the unit's base.
- If the blast chiller/conserver is installed below floor level or underground, the installer must apply the clauses foreseen by the standard EN378-1:2008 +A1:2010 ANNEX D to guarantee that no one can remain locked inside the cell at the end of the work shift.
- The blast chiller/conserver can be installed underground or on a loft as long as there are adequate emergency exits as foreseen by the standard EN378-1:2008+A1:2010 ANNEX C.
- The installer must verify the need for forced ventilation inside a room where the blast chiller/conserver is installed as foreseen by the standard EN378-2:2008+A1:2009 chapter 6.2.14.

2.3. DIMENSIONAL DATA

FRONT SIDE UPPER VIEW VIEW VIEW 30mm <u>75mm</u> 771mm <u>7mm</u> 790mm 754mm 17mm 395mm MF20.1 91mm 91mm 128mm 122mm 75mm 790mm 910mm 51mm MF45.1 115÷165mm ___100mm ___100mm 61mm 231mm <u>75mm</u> 395mm 790mm 910mm 51mm MF70.1 1855mm 115÷165mm 100mm 231mm 100mm ___61mm

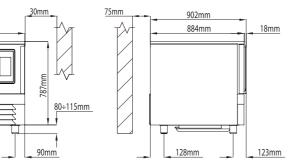
2.3. DIMENSIONAL DATA

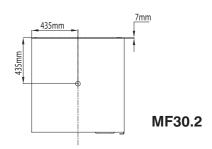
FRONT VIEW

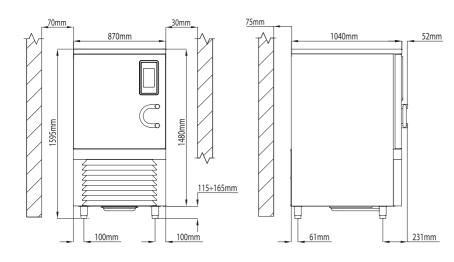
90mm

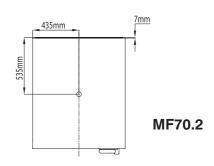
SIDE VIEW

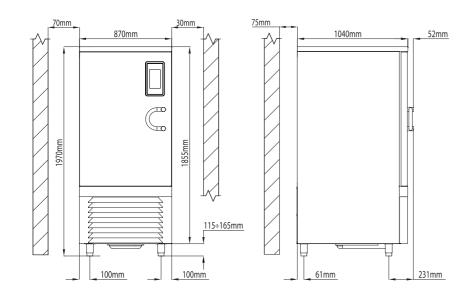
UPPER VIEW

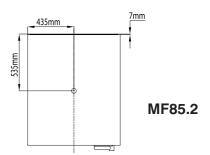




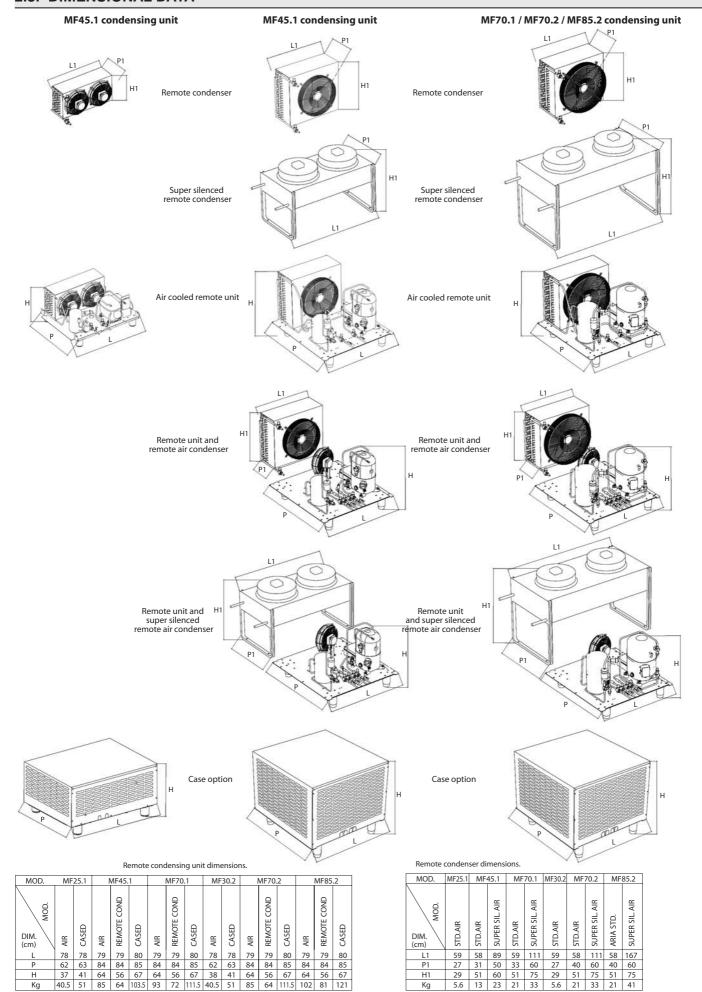








2.3. DIMENSIONAL DATA



2.4. ENVIRONMENT TEMPERATURES AND AIR EXCHANGE

For air-cooled chiller units, the temperature of the functioning environment must not exceed 32 °C. The performance declared is not guaranteed over this temperature.

The remote condensing units must be installed in opposite rooms or outdoors, in a place protected from direct sunlight. If the circumstances should make it necessary, the installer must evaluate whether the use of a cover or roof is required (in all cases sufficient air exchange must be guaranteed).

i F

For further details → see Table 2.

Table 2

MINIMUM AIR EXCHANGE MODEL						
CHAMBER	Power supply frequency (Hz)	AIR (m³/h)				
MF25.1	50	1100				
IVII-25.1	60	1210				
MF45.1	50	3000				
IVIF43. I	60	3300				
MF70.1	50	4000				
IVIF / U. I	60	4400				
MF30.2	50	1100				
IVIF3U.2	60	1210				
MF70.2	50	4000				
IVIF / U.Z	60	4400				
MF85.2	50	4000				
IVIF 00.2	60	4400				

2.5. COOLING CAPACITIES

Table 3

CHAMBER	Power supply frequency (Hz)	Cooling efficiency (W)	Condensing power (W)
MF25.1	50	1727	2683
IVIF23. I	60	1623	2549
MF45.1	50	6013	9075
IVIF43. I	60	7216	11038
MF70.1	50	8851	13053
	60	10305	15548
MEGG	50	2427	3712
MF30.2	60	2591	4012
ME70.0	50	8851	13053
MF70.2	60	10305	15548
MF85.2	50	10853	15842
	60	12776	19225

Values declared at T.evap.=-10°C, T.cond.=+40°C and power supply f.=50Hz. Over-heating in compliance with EN12900

2.6. ELECTRIC CONNECTION

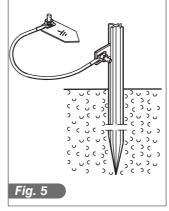
Install an automatic differential magnet-circuit breaker switch upstream from every appliance, according to the Standards in force in the country of installation.

The size of the connection cables must comply with the information contained in the electric data of the technical files. The voltage of the plants must be within the limit of +10% and voltage unbalance of the phases must not exceed 3%. The electric power connection must be carried out by qualified personnel, in compliance with the directives and laws of the country where the unit is installed.

The power supply must be taken to the blast chiller electric control board, according to the data given in **Table 4**.

- The electric power supply cables must be correctly dimensioned and selected depending on the real laying conditions;
- The electric cables must be introduces and blocked in the relevant fairlead and placed in a suitable manner depending on the place of installation;
- Every wire must be inserted into the corresponding clamp;
- The earth wire must be correctly connected to an efficient earth plant.

The manufacturer declines all liability and every warranty obligation, whenever the appliance or objects are damaged and persons are injured due to incorrect installation and/or failure to comply with the laws in force.



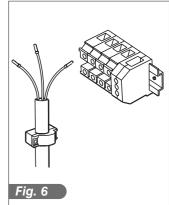


Table 4

CHAMBER	CONDENSING	PC	WER SUP	PLY	ABSOF	RPTION	POWER SUPPLY	CABLE SECTIONS FOR REMOTE
CHAMBER	UNIT	Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)	Poles	Power (kW)	Current (A)	CABLE SECTION *1	CONDENSING UNITS *2
		230	50	1P+N+PE	1,2	6,5		
	Air	230	60	1P+N+PE	1,3	6,3		
	All	200/208	50	2P+PE	1,3	6,5		
		200/208	60	2P+PE	1,3	6,4		000 5 1 0:1 5
		230	50	1P+N+PE	1,3	6,9		3G2,5mmq + 3x1,5mmc
MF25.1	Air remote	230	60	1P+N+PE	1,3	6,6	3G2,5mmg	
	condenser	200/208	50	2P+PE	1,3	6,8]	
		200/208	60	2P+PE	1,3	6,7		
		230	50	1P+N+PE	1,1	6,1		
	Water	230	60	1P+N+PE	1,2	5,9	_	
		200/208	50	2P+PE	1,2	6,1	_	
		200/208	60	2P+PE	1,2	6,1		
		400	50	3P+N+PE	3,6	5,6	5G2,5mmg	4G2,5mmg + 10x1,5mm
		400	60	3P+N+PE	3,7	5,9	002,0111119	+G2,011111q 1 10X1,0111111
	Air	230	50	3P+PE	3,8	14,3		4G4mmg + 10x1,5mmg
	1	230	60	3P+PE	4,5	14,6	4G2,5mmg	To mining 1 Tox1,5ming
		200/208	50	3P+PE	4,5	12,6		4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		200/208	60	3P+PE	4,5	12,6		
		400	50	3P+N+PE	3,7	5,6	5G2,5mmg	4G2,5mmg + 10x1,5mm
		400	60	3P+N+PE	3,8	6,0	00L,011111q	
	Air remote	230	50	3P+PE	3,8	14,6	4G2,5mmq	4G4mmq + 10x1,5mmq
	condenser	230	60	3P+PE	4,6	14,8		Ta ming 1 Tox1,5ming
		200/208	50	3P+PE	4,5	12,8		4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
MF45.1		200/208	60	3P+PE	4,5	12,8		
		400	50	3P+N+PE	3,7	5,7	5G2,5mmg	4G2,5mmg + 10x1,5mm
	Super Silenced	400	60	3P+N+PE	3,8	6,0		
	Air remote	230	50	3P+PE	3,8	14,6		4G4mmq + 10x1,5mmq
COI	condenser	230	60	3P+PE	4,6	14,8	4G2,5mmq	
		200/208	50	3P+PE	4,5	12,8		4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		200/208	60	3P+PE	4,5	12,8		
		400	50	3P+N+PE	3,6	5,5	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		3P+N+PE	3,6	5,7		, ,		
	Water	230	50	3P+PE	3,7	14,3		4G4mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		230	60	3P+PE	4,4	14,4	4G2,5mmq	' '
		200/208	50	3P+PE	4,4	12,5		4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		200/208	60	3P+PE	4,4	12,5		, ,
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,3	10,8	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
		400	60	3P+N+PE	5,4	11,6		
	Air	230	50	3P+PE	5,3	26,2	_	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		230	60	3P+PE	6,6	26,3	4G4mmq	
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,7	26,7	_	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mm
		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,7	26,8		'
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,4	10,8	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
	Air romata	400	60	3P+N+PE	5,5	11,7	,	· · ·
	Air remote condenser	230	50	3P+PE	5,3	26,5	-	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
	Condenser	230	60	3P+PE	6,6	26,5	4G4mmq	
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,6	26,9	_	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mm
MF70.1		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,8	27,0		•
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,3	10,8	- 5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
	Super Silenced	400	60	3P+N+PE	5,3	11,6		•
	Air remote	230	50	3P+PE	5,2	26,4	-	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
	condenser	230	60	3P+PE	6,5	26,3	4G4mmq	
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,1	26,0	-	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mm
		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,3	25,9		
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,1	10,6	- 5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
		400	60	3P+N+PE	5,1	11,4		, ,
	Water	230	50	3P+PE	5,1	26,0	-	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		230	60	3P+PE	6,3	25,9	4G4mmq	, , , ,
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,1	26,0	-	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mmc
		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,3	25,9		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

NOTES: *¹ cable dimensioned for a length of 6m;
*² cable dimensioned for a length 25m.
Industrial voltage drop ΔV% ≤ 1%; FG7OR type cable

Table 4

CHAMPED	CONDENSING	PC	WER SUP	PLY	ABSORPTION		POWER SUPPLY	CABLE SECTIONS
CHAMBER	UNIT	Voltage (V) Frequency (Hz) Poles		Power (kW) Current (A)		CABLE SECTION	FOR REMOTE CONDENSING UNITS *2	
		230	50	1P+N+PE	1,6	7,1		
	1	230	60	1P+N+PE	1,8	11,5	-	3G4mmq + 3x1,5mmq
	Air	200/208	50	2P+PE	1,9	11,6		000
		200/208	60	2P+PE	1,8	11,5		3G6mmq + 3x1,5mmq
		230	50	1P+N+PE	1,7	7,4		3G4mmg + 3x1,5mmg
MF30.2	Air remote	230	60	1P+N+PE	1,9	11,8	3G2,5mmg	3G411111q + 3X1,311111q
WII 00.2	condenser	200/208	50	2P+PE	1,9	12,0		3G6mmg + 3x1,5mmg
		200/208	60	2P+PE	1,9	11,9		
		230	50	1P+N+PE	1,5	6,8	_	3G4mmg + 3x1,5mmg
	Water	230	60	1P+N+PE	1,8	11,1	_	' '
		200/208	50 60	2P+PE 2P+PE	1,8 1,8	11,2 11,1	-	3G6mmq + 3x1,5mmq
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,2	10,6		
		400	60	3P+N+PE	5,3	11,4	- 5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
		230	50	3P+PE	5,2	25,9		
	Air	230	60	3P+PE	6,5	25,9	404	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,4	26,3	4G4mmq	100
		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,6	26,5		4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,3	10,7	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		400	60	3P+N+PE	5,4	11,5	5G2,5IIIIIq	4G2,5HIIIQ + 10X1,5HIIIC
	Air remote	230	50	3P+PE	5,2	26,1	4G4mmq	4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
	condenser	230	60	3P+PE	6,5	26,1		
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,5	26,6		4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
MF70.2		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,7	26,7		' '
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,2	10,6	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
	Super Silenced Air remote condenser	400 230	60 50	3P+N+PE 3P+PE	5,2 5,1	11,4 26,0		
		230	60	3P+PE	6,4	26,0	_	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,0	25,7	4G4mmq	
		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,2	25,6	-	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		400	50	3P+N+PE	5,0	10,4	5G2,5mmq	
		400	60	3P+N+PE	5,0	11,2		4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
	\A/-4	230	50	3P+PE	5,0	25,7		400mm = 1 40ml Fmm =
	Water	230	60	3P+PE	6,2	25,6		4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,0	25,8	4G4mmq	4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		200/208	60	3P+PE	6,2	25,6		440mmq 1 10x1,5mmq
		400	50	3P+N+PE	6,2	13,5	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
		400	60	3P+N+PE	7,8	15,0	0 0.2,0q	402,0mmq 1 10x1,0mm
	Air	230	50	3P+PE	6,0	31,0	4G6mmg	4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		230	60	3P+PE	7,9	32,5	'	
		200/208	50 60	3P+PE 3P+PE	6,3 8,0	31,5 33,1	4G10mmq	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		400	50	3P+N+PE	6,2	13,6		•
		400	60	3P+N+PE	7,9	15,1	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mm
	Air remote	230	50	3P+PE	6,1	31,3		
	condenser	230	60	3P+PE	7,9	32,8	4G6mmq	4G6mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		200/208	50	3P+PE	6,3	31,7		
MF85.2		200/208	60	3P+PE	8,1	33,3	4G10mmq	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mmc
WII UU.Z		400	50	3P+N+PE	6,2	13,6	FO0 F	100 5 10 15
	Super Silenced	400	60	3P+N+PE	7,8	15,2	5G2,5mmq	4G2,5mmq + 10x1,5mmc
	Air remote	230	50	3P+PE	6,0	31,3	4G6mmg	4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
	condenser	230	60	3P+PE	7,9	32,8	Taoming	+Goming + Tuxt,5mmq
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,8	30,9	4G10mmg	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mmc
		200/208	60	3P+PE	7,6	32,3	. 5. 10.11119	+G10mmq + 10x1,0mm
		400	50	3P+N+PE	6,0	13,3	5G2,5mmg	4G2,5mmg + 10x1,5mm
		400	60	3P+N+PE	7,5	14,8	,	
	Water	230	50	3P+PE	5,8	30,8	4G6mmq	4G6mmg + 10x1,5mmg
		230	60	3P+PE	7,6	32,2	-1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		200/208	50	3P+PE	5,8	30,9	4G10mmq	4G10mmq + 10x1,5mmq
		200/208	60	3P+PE	7,6	32,3		

NOTES: *1 cable dimensioned for a length of 6m; *2 cable dimensioned for a length 25m. Industrial voltage drop $\Delta V\% \leq 1\%$; FG7OR type cable

2.7. REFRIGERATOR CONNECTION

2.7.1. Installation at equal level

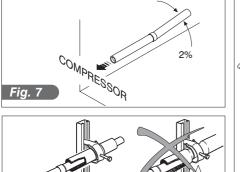
General criteria that must be satisfied in the installation of the remote units:

- 1) Wire gradients (Fig.7)
- 2) Fastening brackets onto the insulated pipes (Fig.8)
- 3) Hermetic sealing (Fig.9).
- 4) Execution of the vacuum (0.03mBar) in the connection pipes (flow and intake). The condensing unit is loaded with freon unless differently indicated.
- 5) Check vacuum sealing of the pipes.
- 6) Opening of the cut-off cocks on the condensing unit.
- 7) Leak control.
- 8) Control of the exact gas load via the liquid passage indicator light positioned on the condensing unit.
- 9) Control of the circulation and pressure of the condensing water (systems with water cooling).



The criteria indicated above are sufficient for installation at equal level (Fig.10)

Length-adjustable piping must be installed, using supports which allow it to slide and provided with sufficient space near walls and other constraints.

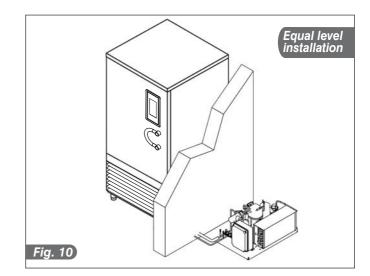




If the heat exchangers of the blast chiller/conserver can be shut off from the rest of the plant by means of valves, these exchangers must be protected by adequate safety devices as foreseen by the standard EN378-2:2008+A1:2009 chapter 6.2.6.8.

For water condensed units or units with heat recovery: when choosing and installing water piping, follow the local provisions and regulations concerning constructions and safety standards. The installer must take care of the mechanical coupling of connections having dimensions appropriate for the system and make sure that the water inlet and outlet connections agree with the dimensional drawing and with the stickers on the connections. The piping must be supported to reduce the weight and tension on the connections. An inspectionable filter which filters solid bodies must be installed on the inlet pipe of the heat exchanger.

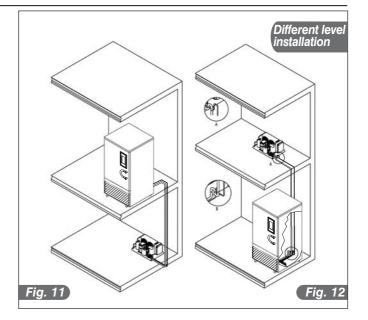
If noise and vibrations are critical, anti-vibration fittings must be installed on the inlet and outlet water pipes of the heat exchangers.



2.7.2. Installation at equal level

If the remote unit is installed higher with respect to the appliance (fig.12), a siphon must be installed at every start-up or re-ascent (a), every 1.8 metres difference in level along the return pipe and at ever arrival (b).

If the remote unit is installed lower with respect to the appliance, no siphon is necessary (Fig. 11, Fig. 12).



The diameters of the appliance supply pipes are dimensioned or installation distances up to 25 metres (>> see *Table 5*).

For greater distances, contact IRINOX SpA.

The insulation of the intake and hot gas line must be performed using good quality closed cell insulating material, with minimum thickness of 19 mm.



Table 5

	REMOT	E UNIT	WATE	R UNIT	REMOTE CONDENSER		REMOTE UNIT AND STANDARD REMOTE OR S. SILENCED CONDENSER							
MODEL	ø Liquid	ø Intake	ø IN water	ø OUT water	ø IN cond.	ø OUT cond.	ø IN cond.	ø OUT cond.	ø Liquid	ø Intake				
	mm	mm	D IIV Water	b iiv water b OOT water	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm				
MF25.1	8	10							8	8	/	/	/	/
MF45.1	10	16									12	10	12	10
MF70.1	12	22	Fo 2/0"	Fo 0/0"	16	12	16	12	12	22				
MF30.2	8	10	Fe 3/8" Fe 3/8"	Fe 3/8" Fe 3/8"	re 3/6	8	10	/	/	/	/			
MF70.2	12	22			16	12	16	12	12	22				
MF85.2	12	28		16	12	16	12	12	28					

2.7.4 R404a pressure switches calibration

For the calibration of the R404a pressure switches, ▶ see *Table* 6

Table 6

		AIR COOLED		WATER (COOLED
MODEL	HIGH P.	START VENT.	SAFETY VALVE	HIGH P.	SAFETY VALVE
	(Bar)	(Bar)	(Bar)	(Bar)	(Bar)
MF25.1		17(*1)			
MF45.1	25	17			
MF70.1		17	28.5	25	28,5
MF30.2	25	17(*1)	26.5	25	20,5
MF70.2		17			
MF85.2		17			
*1: Only wh	en the conder	nsing unit or the	condenser is r	emote.	

2.8. CONDENSATE DRAIN

The blast chillers have a basin for the collection of condensate. The basin can be extracted from the lower part of the Blast chiller.

2.9. WATER COOLING UNITS CONNECTION

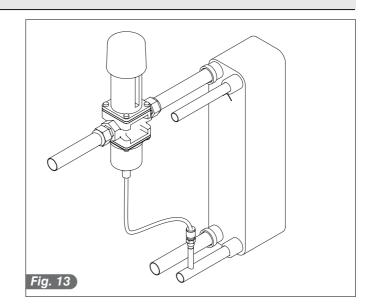
- On inspection (mains water), with the machine at a standstill and water network ready, check that the condenser drain pipe does not allow water to escape. If this is not case, regulate the pressure valve until the leak stops (Fig.13).
- It is recommended to supply a gate valve and an inspectionable filter in the water flow line. The condenser water flow and drain pipes are indicated by relevant plates. Both connections are 3/8"F and threaded.
- See Table 7 for maximum water consumption

FEATURES OF THE LINE FOR WATER COOLED CONDENSING UNITS				
Maximum pressure of the inlet water	1600 KPa			
Minimum pressure of the inlet water	50 KPa			
Maximum temperature of the inlet water in order to guarantee normal appliance functioning. Values referring to a water inlet temperature = 15°C	22°C (well water) 35°C (tower water)			



MAXIMUM WATER CONSUMPTION					
CHAMBER	Power supply	TER			
	frequency (Hz)	l/h	m³/h		
MF25.1	50	128	0.13		
IVII-25.1	60	103	0.10		
MF45.1	50	345	0.35		
IVIF45. I	60	435	0.44		
MF70.1	50	516	0.52		
WF70.1	60	616	0.62		
MF30.2	50	178	0.18		
IVIF30.2	60	192	0.19		
MF70.2	50	516	0.52		
IVII-70.2	60	616	0.62		
MF85.2	50	630	0.63		
IVIFOO.2	60	760	0.76		

Values referring to a water inlet temperature = 15°C Inlet water maximum temperature = 22°C Maximum water pressure entering the condenser = 1600kPa Minimum inlet water pressure = 150KPa



2.10. NOTES FOR THE INSTALLER

Verification of correct installation and inspection:

- Check for any gas leaks from the seals or joints made during the installation phase.
- Check the good insulation of the connection pipes between preserving unit and remote condensing unit.
- Check the electric connection.
- · Check absorption.
- Verify the standard pressures.
- Check the water connection with the regulation of the pressure valve during functioning along with the good circulation of the condensation water.

The safety devices must be installed in such a way that leakage of refrigerant cannot cause any danger. When installing the pressure release piping of the safety valves, the line must comply with local standards.

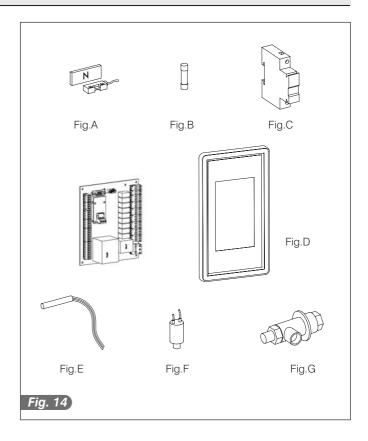
For loads with more than 100 kg of refrigerant, adequate overflow devices must be installed by the installer as foreseen by the standard EN378-2:2008+A1:2009 ANNEX F.

Inform the customer regarding the exact use of the appliance with specific reference to use and the requirements of the customer himself.

Installation and the start-up must be performed by authorised staff

2.11. SAFETY AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

- Door micro switch (A): blocks fan functioning in the chamber when the door is opened.
- Protection fuses (B): they protect the circuits from short circuits and overloads.
- Fuse-holders (C): they contain the fuses and they allow the opening and isolating of the circuits.
- Circuit boards (D): on the basis of the parameters acquired, the control the various blast chiller devices connected to it.
- Controls temperature in chamber (E): it is managed by the circuit board via PT1000 probe.
- Safety pressure switch (F): it intervenes in the case of excessive pressure in the refrigerant circuit.
- Safety valve (G): intervenes in the case of excessive pressure in the system and lack of intervention of the safety pressure switch. The intervention discharges the gas in excess in the environment.



2.12. R404A GAS SAFETY SHEET

Identification of dangers

High exposure to inhalation can have anaesthetic effects. Very high exposure can cause anomalies of the heart beat and cause sudden death. The neubulised or sprayed product can cause cold burns to the eyes or skin. Dangerous for the ozone layer.

First aid measures

<u>Inhalation</u>

Move the accident victim away from exposure and keep him/her warm and rested. Give oxygen if necessary. Perform artificial respiration if breathing stops or gives signs of stopping. In the case of cardiac arrest, perform external cardiac compression.

Request immediate medical assistance.

Contact with the skin

Thaw the affected areas using water. Remove contaminated clothing.

Attention: clothing can stick to the skin in the case of cold burns. In the case of contact with the skin, wash immediately with plenty of warm water. If symptoms occur (irritation or the formation of blisters) request medical assistance.

Contact with the eyes

Wash immediately with an eyewash or clean water, keeping the eyelids open for at least 10 minutes. Request immediate medical assistance.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting.

If the accident victim is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and make him/her drink 200-300 ml of water.

Further medical care

Symptomatic treatment and support therapy when indicated. Do not give adrenalin and similar sympathomimetic drugs following exposure, due to the risk of cardiac arrhythmia with possible cardiac arrest.

Fire-prevention measures

Not inflammable.

The heat decomposition causes the emission of very toxic and corrosive vapours (hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride). In the case of fire, use respiratory aids and suitable protective clothing.

Extinguishers

Use extinguishing agents that are appropriate for the fire.

Toxological information

Inhalation

Higher atmospheric concentrations can cause anaesthetic effects with possible loss of consciousness.

Very high exposure can cause anomalies of the heart beat and cause sudden death.

Higher concentrations can cause asphyxia due to the reduced content of oxygen in the atmosphere.

cold burns.

It is improbable that it is dangerous due to cutaneous absorption.

Repeated and prolonged contact can cause the removal of sebaceous matter, with consequent dryness, cracking and dermatitis.

Ecological information

It decomposes relatively quickly in the lower atmosphere (troposphere). The decomposition products are highly dispersed and therefore have a very low concentration. Does not affect photochemical smog (i.e. it does not lie within the volatile organic compounds -VOC- according to that established by the UN/ECE agreement).

The ozone destruction potential (ODP) is 0.055 measure in comparison with a standard ODP equal to 1 for the cfc11 (according to uNeP definitions).

The substance is governed by the Montreal Protocol (revision dated 1992).

The discharges of the product into the atmosphere do not cause contamination of waters in the long term.

Considerations regarding disposal

The best solution consists in recovery and recycling of the product.

If this is not possible, destruction must take place in an authorised plant equipped to absorb and neutralise the acid gases and the other toxic products.

· Measures in the case of accidental leaks

Ensure adequate personal protection (with the use of means of protection for the respiratory tract) during the elimination of spills.

If the conditions are sufficiently safe, isolate the source of the leak. In the presence of spills of modest size, leave the material to evaporate on the condition that there is suitable ventilation.

Large leaks

- -ventilate the area;
- -contain the leaking material with sand, earth or other suitable absorbent material;
- -prevent the liquid from penetrating drains, sewers, basements and work holes, because the vapours can create a suffocating atmosphere.

Handling

Avoid the inhalation of high concentrations of vapours. The atmospheric concentrations must be reduced to a minimum and kept at the minimum level reasonably possible, below the professional exposure limit.

The vapours are heavier than the air and therefore the formation of high concentrations near to the ground is possible, where ventilation is usually low. In these cases, ensure adequate ventilation or wear suitable protection devices for the respiratory tract with air reserve. Avoid contact with naked flames and hot surfaces as irritant and toxic decomposition products can be formed. Avoid contact between the liquid and the eyes/skin.

2.13. DISPOSING OF THE MACHINE

The machine must be demolished and disposed of with respect to the Standards in force in the country of installation, especially regarding the compressor refrigerant gas and lubricant oil.

Avoid leakage of refrigerant gas in the environment by using suitable pressurised recipients and instruments to transfer the pressurised fluid. This operation must be entrusted to personnel skilled in refrigeration plants.

INFORMATION FOR THE USERS



On implementation of the 2002/95/CE, 2002/96/CE and 2003/108/CE Directives, relative to the reduction of use of dangerous substances in electric and electronic appliances, as well as disposal of waste.

The barred bin symbol on the appliance or package, indicates that at the end of the product's life, it must be collected separately from other waste.

The selective collection of this appliance at the end of its life is organised and managed by the manufacturer.

The user that wishes to dispose of this equipment must therefore contact the manufacturer and follow the system that the same has adopted to allow the selective collection of the appliance at the end of its life span.

The suitable selective collection for successive start-up of the equipment abandoned for recycling, treatment and compatible environmental disposal contributes to preventing possible negative effects on the environment and favours the re-use and/or recycling of the materials of which the equipment is made.

The abusive disposal of the product by the owner, leads to the application of administrative sanctions envisioned by the Standard.

3. OPERATION

3.1 **USE**

The temperature blast chillers have been designed to lower the temperature of foods that have just been cooked in a way to preserve them for a longer period, however keeping the organoleptic features unaltered. The Multi Fresh MF range has been studied to make this operation as easy as possible, offering a wide

customisation of cycles.

These have been studied by IRINOX S.p.A. and its collaborators, divided into 4 specific user categories. In this way, your blast chiller will not only be used to blast chill products but will help you in the production process.

3.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE CYCLES

The MF range has the following cycles:

Cycle	Description				
	Cycles for CATERING - COOLING				
3°C DELICATE	With this cycle the temperature of the product is quickly reduced to +3°C at the core, with a work temperature that oscillates between 0°C and +2°C. This cycle is particularly indicated for delicate products such as: • Mousses, • Spoon desserts,, • Creams, • Desserts, • Vegetables, • Foodstuffs with reduced thickness				
3°C STRONG	With this cycle the temperature of the product is quickly reduced to +3°C at the core, with a work temperature that oscillates between -15°C and +2°C. This cycle allows to greatly reduce the work times and is particularly indicated for the following products: • High fat content, • Very dense, • Large pieces, • Packaged				
	Cycles for CATERING - COOLING				
RICE/PASTA 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling rice and pasta				
VEGETABLES/MUSHROOMS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling vegetables and mushrooms				
LASAGNA 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling lasagna				
FISH 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling fish				
MEAT 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling pre-cut meat				
SOUPS/SAUCES 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling soups and sauces				
SAVOURY TARTS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling savoury tarts				
CONFECTIONERY 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling confectionery products				
BREAD 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling bread				
	Cycles for CATERING - COOLING				
-18°C DELICATE	This cycle envisions two freezing phases. In the first phase, the core temperature of the product is taken to +6°C, with a work temperature of 0°C. In the second phase, the core temperature of the product is taken to -18°C, with a work temperature that can reach -40°C. This cycle is indicated for freezing all cooked foods, in particular raised and oven-cooked products				

Cycle		Description					
	Cycles for CATERING - FREEZING						
-18°C STRONG	With this cycle the temperature of the product is quickly reduced to -18°C at the core, with a work temperature that can reach -40°C. This cycle is particularly indicated for all raw foods and for cooked foodstuffs with a particular thickness						
VEGETABLES/MUSHROOMS -18°C	Cycle o	Cycle dedicated to freezing vegetables and mushrooms					
RICE/PASTA -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing rice and pasta					
LASAGNA -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing lasagna					
FISH -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing fish					
MEAT -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing meat					
SOUPS/SAUCES -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing soups and sauces					
SAVOURY TARTS -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing savoury tarts					
CONFECTIONERY -18°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing confectionery products					
BREAD -15°C	Cycle o	dedicated to freezing bread					
C	ycles	for CATERING - COOKING AT LOW HEAT					
CHICKEN	You car	ledicated to cooking chicken at low heat. n select the form of preservation at the end of the cooking cycle chilling, freezing, keeping warm).					
BEEF	Cycle dedicated to cooking beef at low heat. You can select the form of preservation at the end of the cooking cycle (blast chilling, freezing, keeping warm).						
PORK	Cycle dedicated to cooking pork at low heat. You can select the form of preservation at the end of the cooking cycle (blast chilling, freezing, keeping warm).						
FISH	You car	ledicated to cooking fish at low heat. n select the form of preservation at the end of the cooking cycle whilling, freezing, heat maintenance).					
	Сус	les for CATERING - REGENERATION					
MEAT	Cycle c	ledicated to regeneration of meat					
FISH	Cycle c	ledicated to regeneration of fish					
VEGETABLES	Cycle c	ledicated to regeneration of vegetables					
BREAD	Cycle c	ledicated to regeneration of bread					
SINGLE PORTION	Cycle c	ledicated to regeneration of single portions					
CONFECTIONERY	Cycle c	ledicated to regeneration of confectionery					
		Cycles for CATERING - RISING					
LONG	Cycle	dedicated to long rising					
DIRECT	Cycle	dedicated to short rising					
NIGHT	Cycle dedicated to rising at night						
	Cy	cles for CATERING - DEFROSTING					
CHICKEN	Cycle	dedicated to defrosting chicken					
BEEF	Cycle	dedicated to defrosting beef					
PORK	Cycle	dedicated to defrosting pork					
FISH	Cycle	dedicated to defrosting fish					

Cycle	Description		
Cycles for CATERING - MAINTENANCE			
MEAT	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of meat		
FISH	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of fish		
VEGETABLES	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of vegetables		
BREAD	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of bread		
SINGLE PORTION	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of single portions		
CONFECTIONERY	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of confectionery		
	Cycles for CATERING - PASTEURISATION		
MEAT	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of meat		
FISH	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of fish		
VEGETABLES	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of vegetables		
CREAMS	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of creams		
	Cycles for CONFECTIONERY - COOLING		
3°C DELICATE	See the same cycle for CATERING		
3°C STRONG	See the same cycle for CATERING		
MIXES IN MOULDS 10°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling mixes poured into moulds		
MIXES IN LAYERS 10°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling mixes in layers, such as:		
CREAMS 25°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling hot creams to be taken to a core temperature of 25°C		
CREAMS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling hot creams to be taken to a core temperature of 3°C		
LEAVENED GOODS 20°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling leavened goods to be taken to a core temperature of 20°C		
LEAVENED GOODS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling leavened goods to be taken to a core temperature of 3°C		
LEAVENED GOODS -7°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling leavened goods to be taken to a core temperature of -7°C		
MIXES 12°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling mixes		
PUFF PASTRY 12°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling puff pastry		
	Cycles for CONFECTIONERY - FREEZING		
-18°C DELICATE	See the same cycle for CATERING		
-18°C STRONG	See the same cycle for CATERING		
MIXES IN MOULDS	Cycle dedicated to freezing mixes poured into moulds		
TARTS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing tarts to be taken to a core temperature of -18°C		
MIXES IN LAYERS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing mixes in layers		
LEAVENED GOODS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing leavened goods to be taken to a core temperature of -18°C		
MOUSSES -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing mousses		
COMPLETE MOUSSES	Cycle dedicated to freezing complete mousses		
MACAROONS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing macaroons		
PRE-LEAVENED GOODS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing pre-leavened goods		

Cycle	Description		
Cycles for CONFECTIONERY - FREEZING			
ICE CREAM -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing ice cream to be taken to a core temperature of -18°C		
ICE CREAM -12°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing ice cream to be taken to a core temperature of -12°C		
Cycle	es for CONFECTIONERY - COOKING AT LOW HEAT		
MERINGUES	Cycle dedicated to cooking meringues at low heat.		
CREME BRULEE 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooking creme brulee at low heat.		
CREME BRULEE -18°C	Cycle dedicated to cooking creme brulee at low heat.		
FRUIT POCHET 3 °C	Cycle dedicated to cooking fruit pochet at low heat.		
FRUIT POCHET -18 °C	Cycle dedicated to cooking fruit pochet at low heat.		
DACQUOISE	Cycle dedicated to cooking dacquoise at low heat.		
	Cycles for CONFECTIONERY - RISING		
LONG	Cycle dedicated to long rising		
DIRECT	Cycle dedicated to short rising		
NIGHT	Cycle dedicated to rising at night		
С	ycles for CONFECTIONERY - PASTEURISATION		
ICE CREAM BASES	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of ice cream bases		
CREAMS	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of creams		
	Cycles for CONFECTIONERY - CHOCOLATE		
CHOCOLATE 45°C	Cycle dedicated to chocolate		
CHOCOLATE -7°C	Cycle dedicated to chocolate to be taken to a core temperature of -7°C		
CHOCOLATE -18°C	Cycle dedicated to chocolate to be taken to a core temperature of -18°C		
COOLING OF MOULDS	Cycle dedicated to cooling moulds		
	Cycles for CONFECTIONERY - FRESHENING		
MIGNONS	Cycle dedicated to freshening mignons		
LEAVENED GOODS	Cycle dedicated to freshening leavened goods		
MIXES	Cycle dedicated to freshening mixes		
ICE CREAM -15°C	Cycle dedicated to freshening ice cream		
	Cycles for BAKERY PRODUCTS - COOLING		
3°C DELICATE	See the same cycle for CATERING		
3°C STRONG	See the same cycle for CATERING		
SAVOURY TARTS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling savoury tarts		
CREAMS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling creams		
LEAVENED GOODS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling leavened goods		
PRE-BAKED BREAD	Cycle dedicated to cooling pre-baked bread		
MIXES 10°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling mixes		
TARTS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling tarts		

Cycle	Description		
Cycles for BAKERY PRODUCTS - FREEZING			
-18°C DELICATE	See the same cycle for CATERING		
-18°C STRONG	See the same cycle for CATERING		
TARTS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing tarts		
UNCOOKED TARTS -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing uncooked tarts		
PRE-BAKED BREAD	Cycle dedicated to freezing pre-baked bread		
	Cycles for BAKERY PRODUCTS - FRESHENING		
LONG	Cycle dedicated to long rising		
DIRECT	Cycle dedicated to short rising		
NIGHT	Cycle dedicated to rising at night		
	Cycles for BAKERY PRODUCTS - FRESHENING		
BAKED BREAD	Cycle dedicated to freshening baked bread		
PRE-BAKED BREAD	Cycle dedicated to freshening pre-baked bread		
	Cycles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - COOLING		
3°C DELICATE	See the same cycle for CATERING		
3°C STRONG	See the same cycle for CATERING		
CREAMS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling creams		
LEAVENED GOODS 3°C	Cycle dedicated to cooling leavened goods		
C	Cycles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - FREEZING		
-18°C DELICATE	See the same cycle for CATERING		
-18°C STRONG	See the same cycle for CATERING		
MOUSSES -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing mousses		
COMPLETE MOUSSES	Cycle dedicated to freezing complete mousses		
ICE CREAM -18°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing ice cream to be taken to a core temperature of -18°C		
ICE CREAM -12°C	Cycle dedicated to freezing ice cream to be taken to a core temperature of -12°C		
Cycles fo	or ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - COOKING AT LOW HEAT		
MERINGUES	Cycle dedicated to cooking meringues at low heat.		
FRUIT POCHET 3 °C	Cycle dedicated to cooking fruit pochet at low heat.		
FRUIT POCHET -18 °C	Cycle dedicated to cooking fruit pochet at low heat.		
	Cycles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - RISING		
LONG	Cycle dedicated to long rising		
DIRECT	Cycle dedicated to short rising		
NIGHT	Cycle dedicated to rising at night		
Cycles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - PASTEURISATION			
ICE CREAM BASES	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of ice cream bases		
CREAMS	Cycle dedicated to pasteurisation of creams		
Cycles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - CHOCOLATE			
CHOCOLATE 45°C	Cycle dedicated to chocolate		
CHOCOLATE -7°C	Cycle dedicated to chocolate to be taken to a core temperature of -7°C		
CHOCOLATE -18°C	Cycle dedicated to chocolate to be taken to a core temperature of -18°C		
COOLING OF MOULDS	Cycle dedicated to cooling moulds		
	cles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - FRESHENING		
ICE CREAM -15°C	Cycle dedicated to freshening ice cream		
Cycles for ICE CREAM INDUSTRIES - MAINTENANCE			
ICE CREAM -15°C	Cycle dedicated to maintenance of ice cream		

3.3 DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

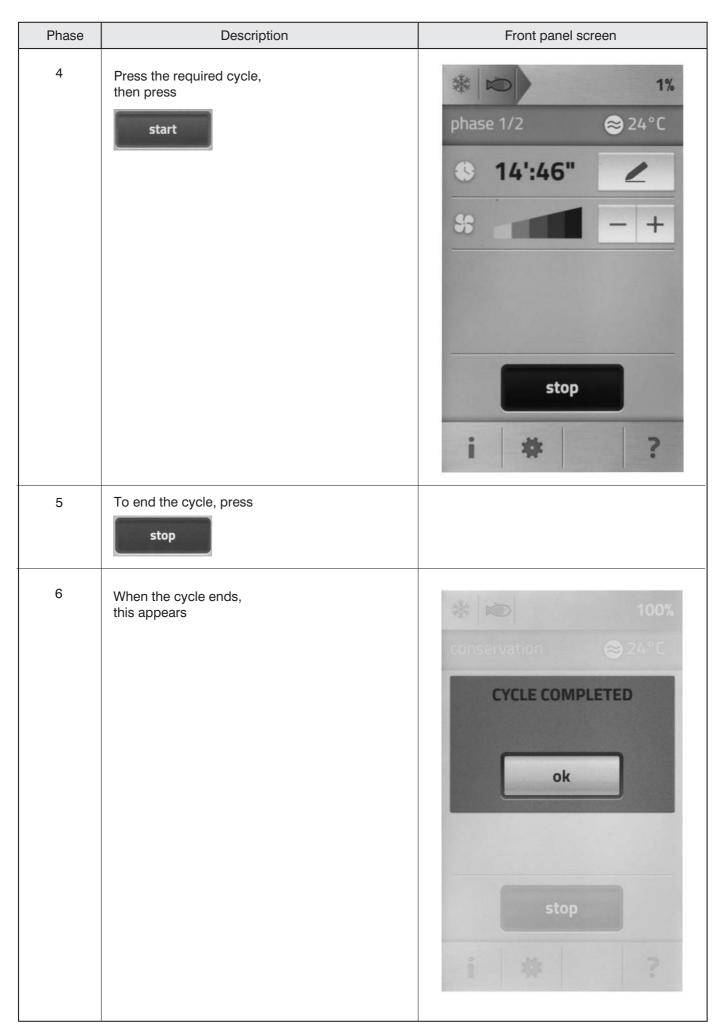
3.3.1 Preliminary operations

Phase	Description	Front panel screen
	3.3.1.1 INITIAL STAR	RT-UP
1	The LANGUAGE, CURRENT DATE AND TIME and SECTOR configuration windows appear when you start up the machine for the first time.	
2	In the LANGUAGE SELECTION window, press the key for the required language.	Y language set
3	In the DATE AND TIME SELECTION window, enter the date by pressing the key	date/time set 03/09/2013 + + 10h: 35'

Phase	Description	Front panel screen
4	A window opens showing a calendar for selecting the date.	calendar 2013 — + (
5	In the DATE AND TIME SELECTION window, set the date and time and confirm by pressing	+ + 10h: 35'
6	Select the unit of measurement for the temperature and confirm by pressing	°C
7	In the SECTOR SELECTION window, select the icon indicating your main sector of use and confirm by pressing	pastry bakery ice cream
	3.3.1.2 HEATING	
	If enabled, this is carried out automatically when the machine remains inactive for a long period of time.	

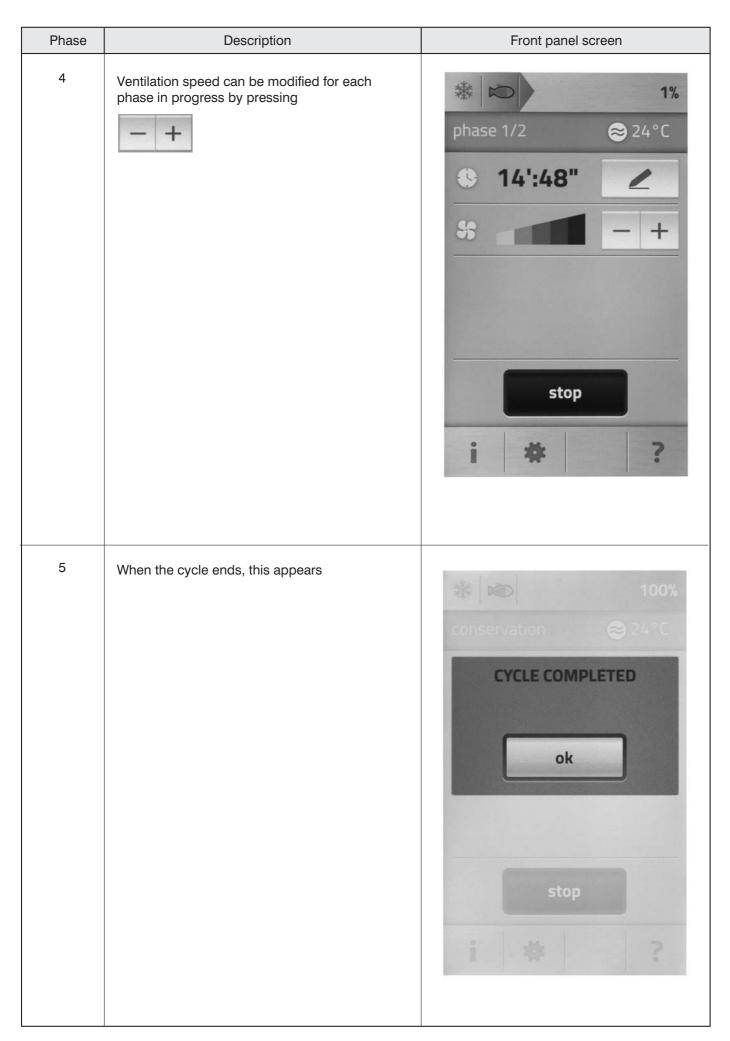
3.3.2 Selecting the cycles

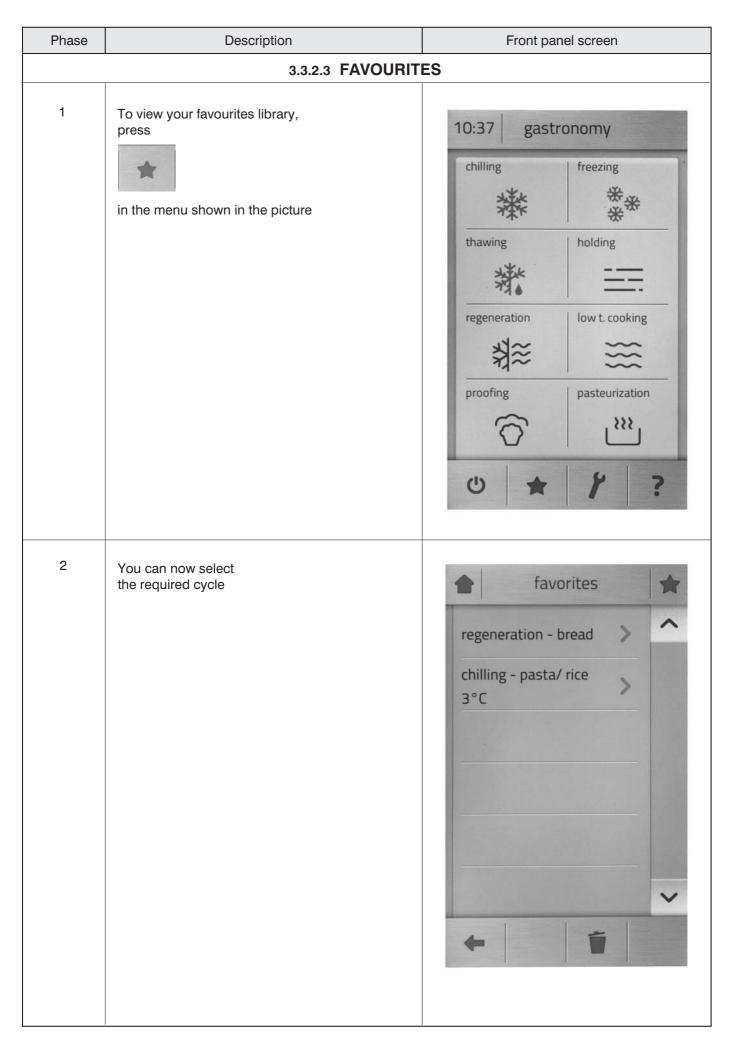
Phase	Description	Front panel screen
1	n the main window, the first group of cycles is shown filtered according to sector. 1. COOLING 2. DEFROSTING 3. REGENERATION 4. RISING 5. FREEZING 6. MAINTENANCE 7. COOKING AT LOW HEAT 8. PASTEURISATION	The control of th
2	Select the required function by pressing the relative button (1-8).	
3	The list of cycles in the various groups appears.	chilling delicate 3°C strong 3°C pasta/ rice 3°C *+3 *+3 vegetables cassarole 3°C meat 3°C soups/ quiche pies 3°C pastry 3°C bread 3°C pastry 3°C bread 3°C ?

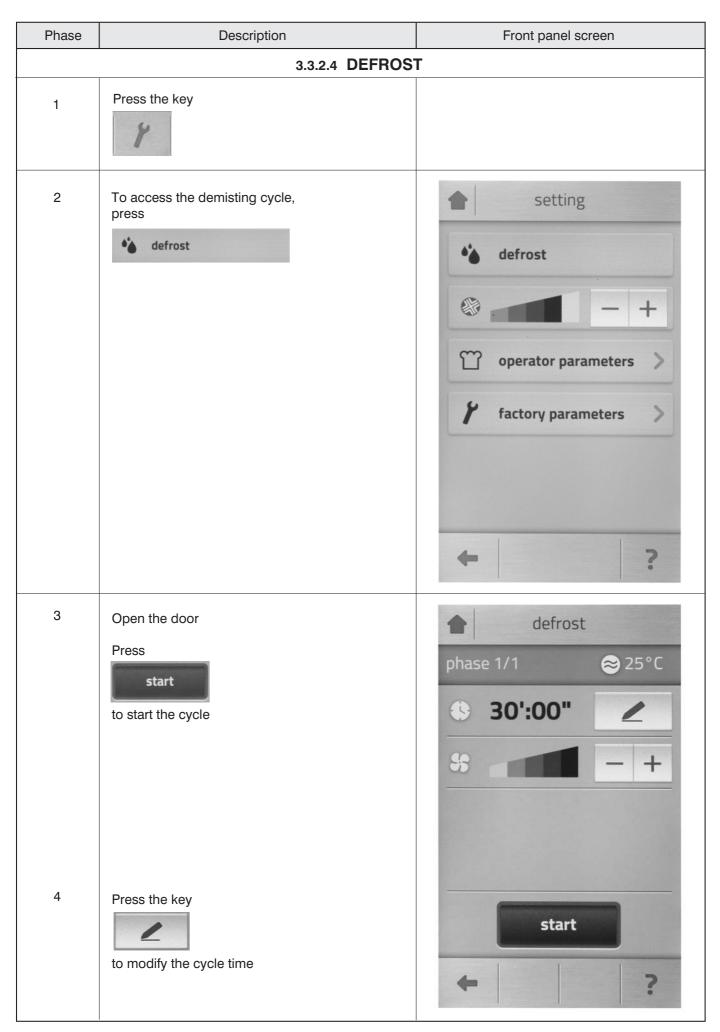


Phase	Description	Front panel screen
3.3.2.1 AUTOMATIC		MODE
1	Insert the core probe into the product and press start	
2	AUTOMATIC mode is selected The display shows: 1. Current type of cycle 2. Progress of cycle as a percentage 3. Current phase 4. Air temperature 5. Core probe temperature 6. Ventilation control	①
3	To end the cycle, press	

Phase	Description	Front panel screen
3.3.2.2 MANUAL MODE		
1	Do not insert the core probe into the product and press	
2	MANUAL mode is selected. The display shows: 1. Type of cycle 2. Progress of cycle as a percentage 3. Current phase 4. Air temperature 5. Duration of phase 6. Ventilation control	①
3	allows you to change the duration of the current phase at will.	seafood 3°C + + Oh: 14'

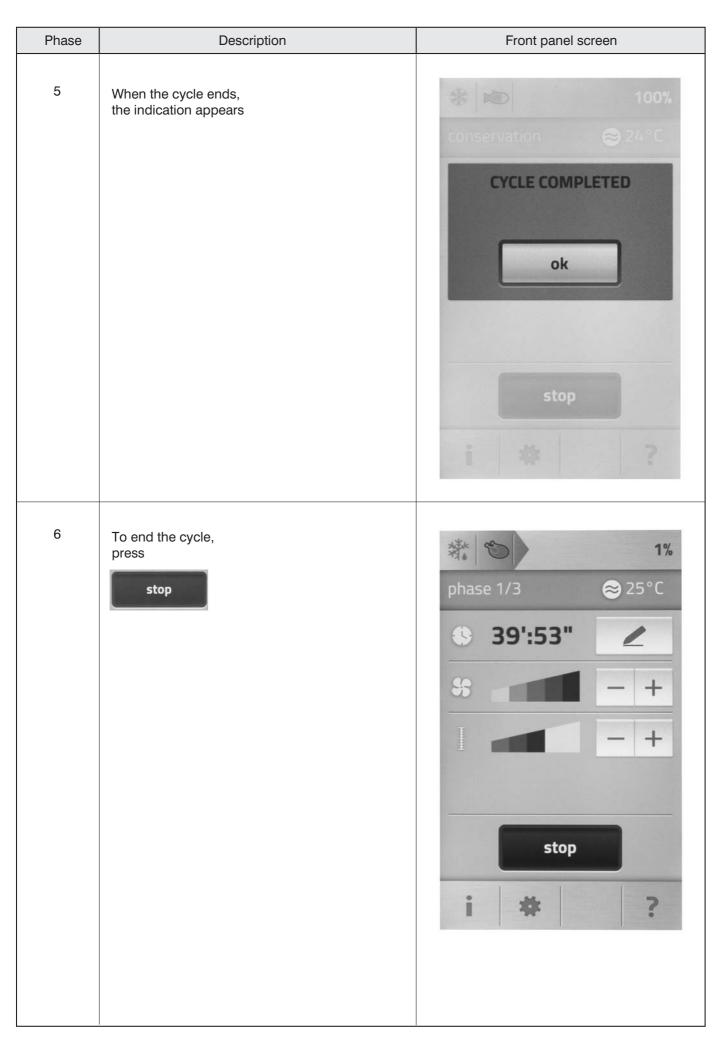


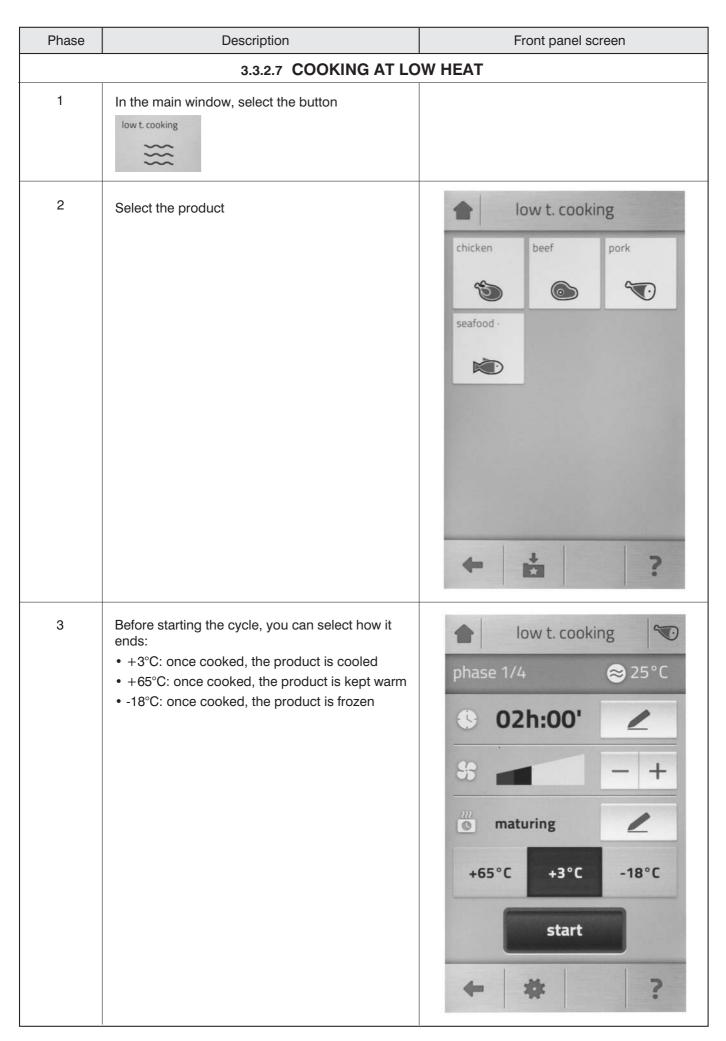




Phase	Description	Front panel screen	
	3.3.2.5 COOLING AND FREEZING		
1	In the main window, press the button to open the cycle start window freezing	freezing	
2	If the automatic core probe detection function is disabled, select the required work mode	phase 1/1 25°C select mode automatic manual	
3	When the temperature at the core reaches the temperature set for indication, the warning message appears	CYCLE COMPLETED ok	

Phase	Description	Front panel screen	
	3.3.2.6 THAWING		
1	In the main window, select the button		
2	Select the product	thawing chicken beef pork seafood *** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	
3	Press key (1) to modify the thickness of the product. • 1st or 2nd notch for products 4 cm MAX • 3rd notch for products between 4 and 7 cm • 4th notch for products between 7 and 10 cm • 5th notch for products 10 cm MAX	thawing	
4	Press the button start to start the cycle	start ?	





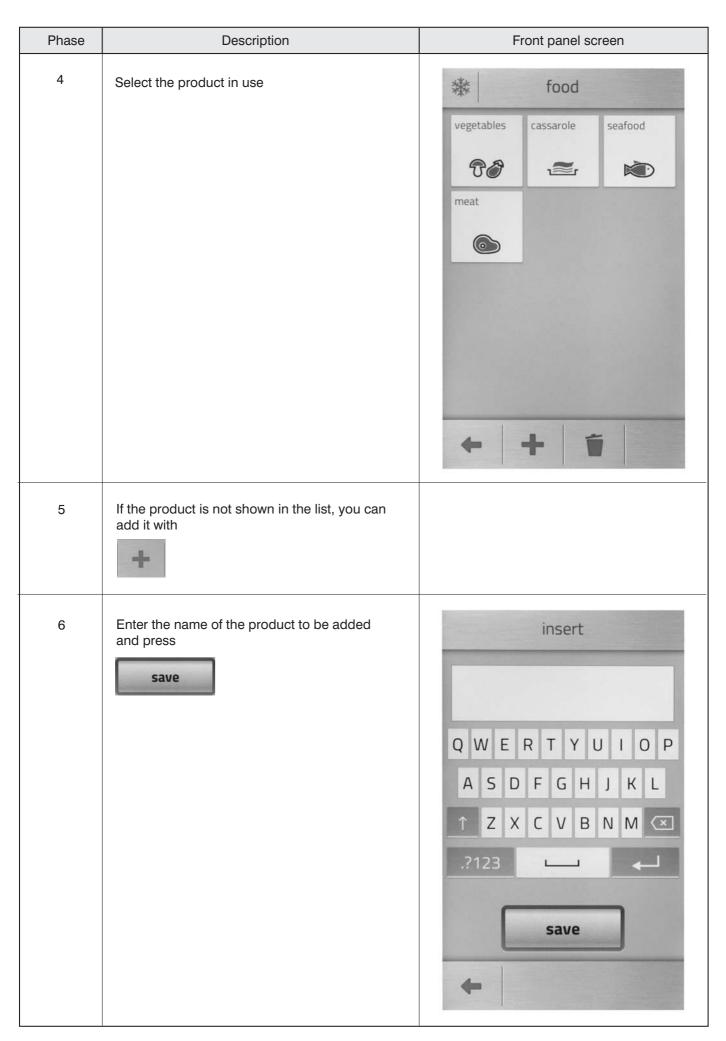
Phase	Description	Front panel screen
4	Press the button start to start the cycle	
5	You can set a product MATURATION phase by pressing The maturation phase maintains a specific temperature for a certain length of time and begins after the cooking phases.	low t. cooking
6	To end the cycle, press	

Phase	Description	Front panel screen
	3.3.2.8 PROOFIN	G
1	THE PROOFING CYCLES ARE MANUAL ONLY (WITH TIMER)	
2	In the main window, select	
3	Select the type of proofing	proofing long direct night ○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○
4	allows you to set a cycle end date, in which case proofing is postponed and the product is kept frozen for the required length of time.	phase 1/4
	Before starting the cycle, you can select how to end it: PROOFING and CHILL: after it has proofing, the product is cooled PROOFING and FREEZE: the product is frozen	proofing and chill and freeze start ?
5	Press the button start to start the cycle	

Phase	Description	Front panel screen					
3.3.2.9 PASTEURISATION							
1	In the main window, select						
2	Select the type of product	pasteurization meat seafood vegetables creams					
3	Before starting the cycle, you can select how it ends: • Pasteurise: after pasteurisation, the product is kept warm • Pasteurise and cool: after pasteurisation, the product is cooled • Pasteurise and freeze: after pasteurisation, the product is frozen	phase 1/1					
4	Press the button start to start the cycle						

3.3.3 Functions

Phase	Description	Front panel screen
1	3.3.3.1 CONTINUOUS Function enabled only for delicate cycles at $+3^{\circ}$ C and st	CYCLE rong cycles at -18°C in manual mode
1	With the continuous cycle function enabled, the cycle continues indefinitely. 1. Type of cycle 2. Progress of cycle 3. Phase 4. Air temperature 5. Ventilation control 6. Enabling the CONTINUOUS CYCLE 7. Positioning and type of foodstuff	① **+3 ② continuous cycle ④ ≥ 25°C 3
2	After selecting the continuous cycle function, you can select the type of product by pressing	
3	Select the position of the tray in the blast chiller	position 1 meat, 01h:00' 2 3 5

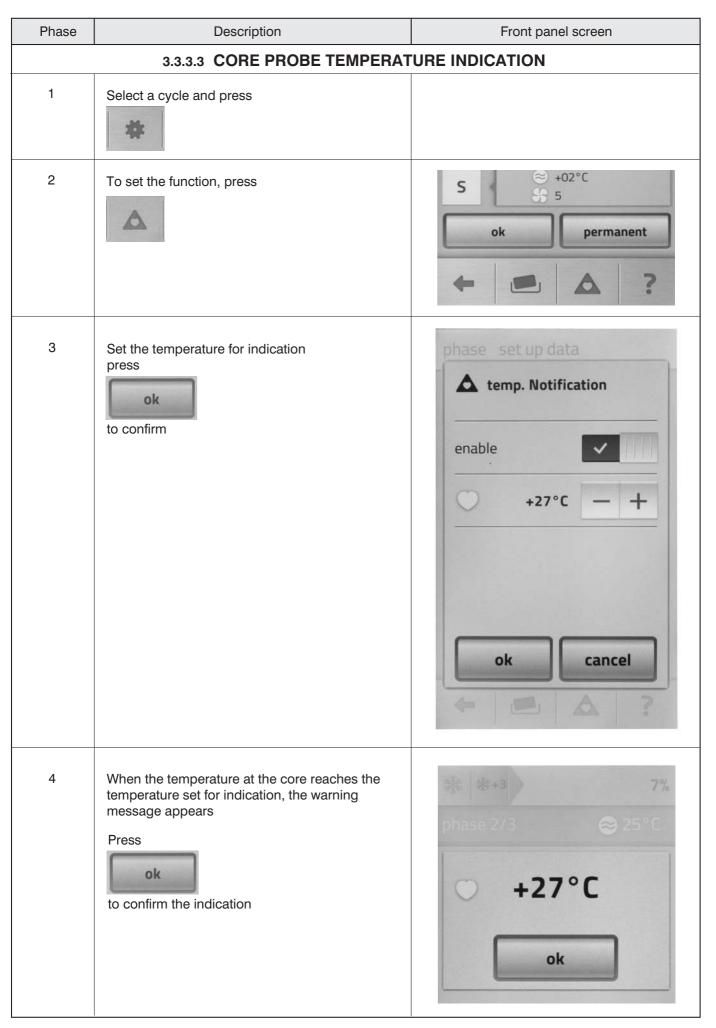


Phase	Description	Front panel screen
7	After selecting the foodstuff, set the timer	heat
8	When the timer ends, this appears END OF CYCLE by pressing the cycle continues as normal	continuous cycle ≥ 25°C ① meat CYCLE COMPLETED ok 1 00':00" meat + stop

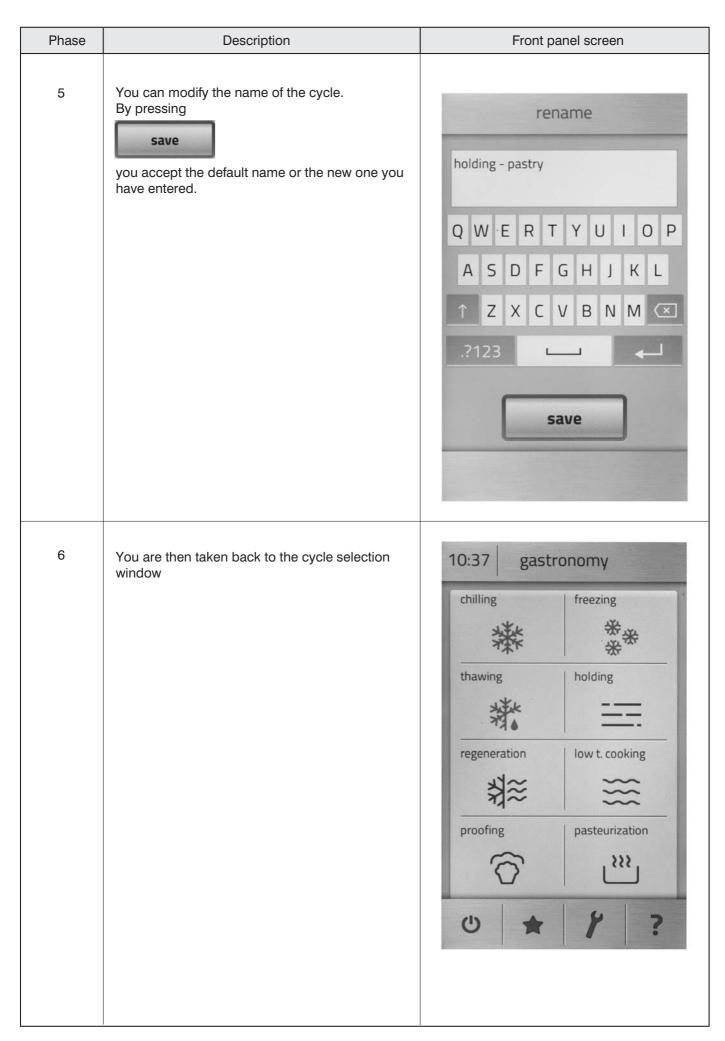
Phase	Description	Front panel screen
9	In the main window, the first foodstuff about to end and the remaining time and position of the tray are shown.	*+3 continuous cycle ★ 25°C Continuous cycl Continuous cycl 59':51" seafood * **

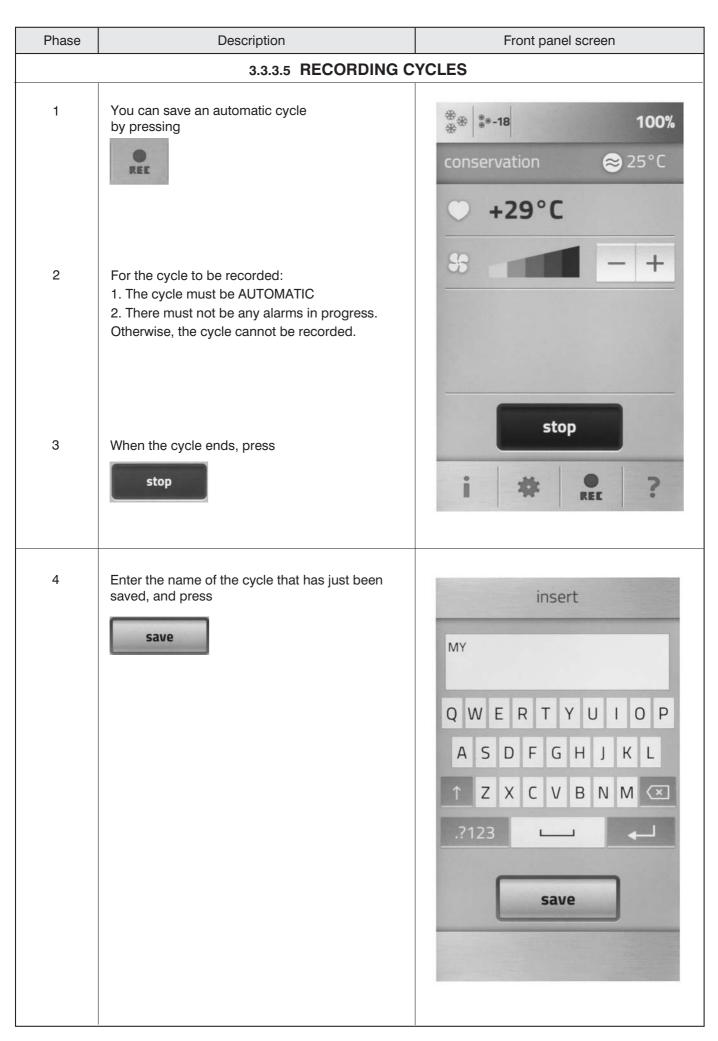
This function can be enabled only for the cooling and freezing cycles.

Phase	Description	Description Front panel screen					
	3.3.3.2 TURNING C	DUT					
1	Select a cycle and press						
2	To enable the TURNING OUT function, press	S					
3	These must be set: 1. enable turning out 2. turning out start time 3. turning out duration 4. temperature set-point in chamber during turning out	enable 1 conserv.202' — + unmould305' — + ok cancel					
4	Turning out begins at the end of phase 1 of the cycle and the warning message appears. Press to start the turning out process. When the timer for turning out ends, the program starts phase 2; alternatively, you can press continue to stop turning out immediately.	### ### 2% unmould					



Phase	Description Front panel screen					
	3.3.3.4 ENTERING CYCLES IN THE	FAVOURITES AREA				
1	Access the required group of cycles					
2	To save a cycle in the favourites library, press	selection cycle				
		meat seafood vegetables				
		portion bread pastry				
3	Select the cycle to be added to the list of favourites					
		← □				
4	Confirm by pressing	holding				
	ok	meat seafood vegetables				
		add cycle to favorites?				
		ok cancel				
		e ± ?				





Phase	Description	Front panel screen
5	To use it again, simply select it in the favourites menu	favorites 🛊
		MY > ^
		~
		+

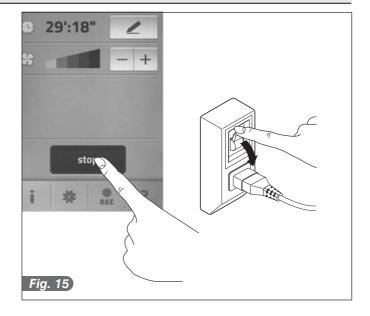
Phase Description Front panel screen 3.3.3.6 DISABLING THE KEYBOARD 1 To turn off the screen, press the "off" button 10:37 gastronomy chilling freezing thawing holding regeneration low t. cooking proofing pasteurization 2 You can then carry out operations such as cleaning the display. To re-enable the keyboard, press the key 03/09/2013 6 11:17 More than Fresh.

3.4 STOPPING MODES

To stop the machine in an emergency, press the key



and turn off the power at the control board (Fig. 15).



3.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE

Before starting the machine, clean the inside of the chamber thoroughly (>> see par. 4.2).

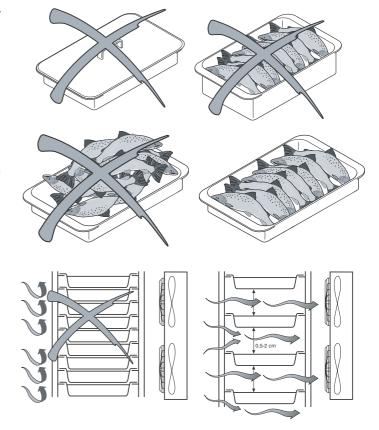
3.5.1 Loading the products

Do not cover the trays and containers with insulating film lid: the greater the surface of the foodstuff exposed to the contact with cold air, the shorter the blast chilling times.

It is recommended to use trays and containers that are as least deep as possible and however not more than 6.5 cm.

For best results, we recommend the use of containers with 3.5 kg of product and with a maximum thickness of 8 cm for quick blast chilling or 5 cm for quick freezing. For difficult and/or fatty products, reduce the thickness further.

Make sure that a sufficient space is left between the trays in a way to allow suitable air circulation.

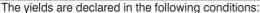


If the machine is not loaded completely, concentrate the trays in the centre part of the blast chiller placing an empty tray (A) above the last tray.

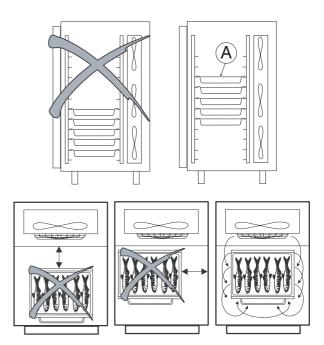
Position the trays in the most internal part of the trayholders, making sure that they are as near as possible to the evaporator.

Do not overload the machine beyond that established by the manufacturer ("Trays capacity and Yield" Tab.).

MODELS	Yields			
WODELS	Blast chilling (Kg)	Freezing (Kg)		
MF25.1	25	25		
MF45.1	45	45		
MF70.1	70	70		
MF30.2	30	30		
MF70.2	70	70		
MF85.2	85	85		



- Trays filled with water at 90°C
- Environment temperature: 32°C
- No chamber pre-cooling



MODELS	CATERING					CONFECTIONERY			
WODELS	GN 1/1 h=20	GN 1/1 h=40	GN 1/1 h=65	GN 2/1 h=20	GN 2/1 h=40	GN 2/1 h=65	400x600 h=20	400x600 h=40	400x600 h=60
MF25.1	8	5	4				8	5	4
MF45.1	18	12	9				18	12	9
MF70.1	27	18	13				27	18	13
MF30.2	16	10	8	8	5	4	8*	5*	4*
MF70.2	36	24	18	18	12	9	18*	12*	9*
MF85.2	54	36	26	27	18	13	27*	18*	13*
(*) tray to rested on 530x650mm grill									

3.5.2 Pre-cooling

Before a quick blast chilling cycle and/or quick freezing, it is indispensable to pre-cool the chamber in a way to reduce work times even further. Before inserting the product to be blast chilled, perform a DELICATE cycle or STRONG vacuum.



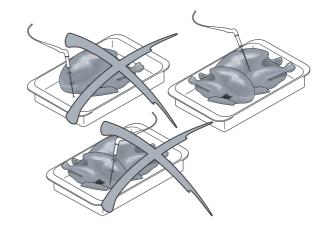
To prevent damage to the machine, do not leave hot products inside the chamber. As soon as the product to be treated has been inserted, start the blast chilling or freezing cycle immediately.

3.5.3 Core probe

The core probe must be positioned correctly at the centre of the largest piece of product, making sure that the point of the probe does not escape from the product itself and does not touch the tray. In order to prevent undesired contamination, the probe must be clean and sanitised before every work cycle.

For best results, we recommend the use of GN1/1 containers with 3.5 kg of product and with a maximum thickness of 8 cm for quick blast chilling or 5 cm for quick freezing.

For difficult and/or fatty products, reduce the thickness further.



3.5.4 Temperatures

Do not leave the cooked foodstuffs to be blast chilled and/or frozen for a long time at room temperature.

The greater the moisture lost, the less the softness conserved inside the foodstuff.

It is recommended to start the blast chilling and/or quick freezing cycle as soon as the preparation and/or cooking has been completed, taking care to introduce the foodstuff into the blast chiller at a temperature that is not below $+70^{\circ}$ C. Cooked food can enter the blast chiller also at very high temperatures (>100°C), as long as the chamber is pre-cooled. Remember that the cycle reference times start from $+90^{\circ}$ C (from $+90^{\circ}$ C to $+3^{\circ}$ C in the quick blast chilling cycle; from $+90^{\circ}$ C to -18° C in the quick freezing cycle).

3.5.5 Conservation

The blast chilled and/or frozen food must be covered and protected (with film, hermetic lid or, even better, vacuum packed) and marked using a sticker stating the content, the day of preparation and the expiry date, in indelible ink.



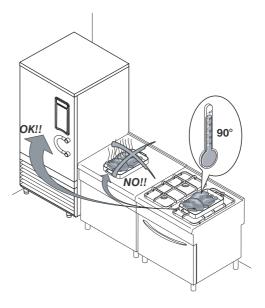
The blast chilled food must be conserved in a refrigerated cabinet at a constant temperature of $+2^{\circ}C$.



The frozen food must be conserved in a freezing cabinet at a constant temperature of -20°C.

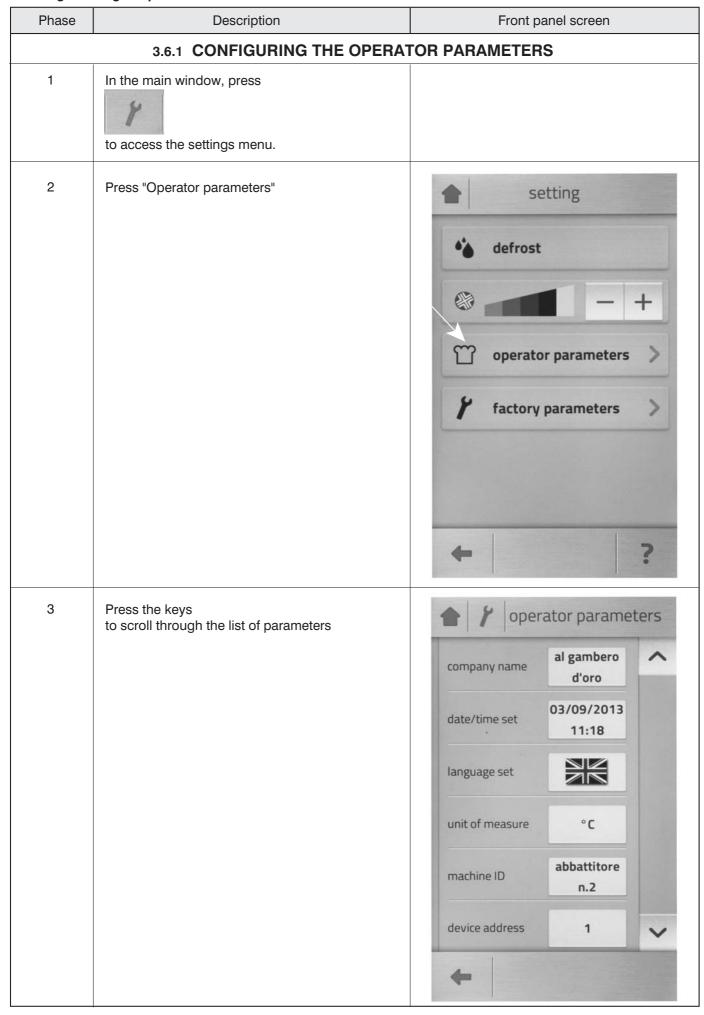


Do not use the blast chiller like a normal refrigerator!



CONTENT
Preparation date
Expiry date

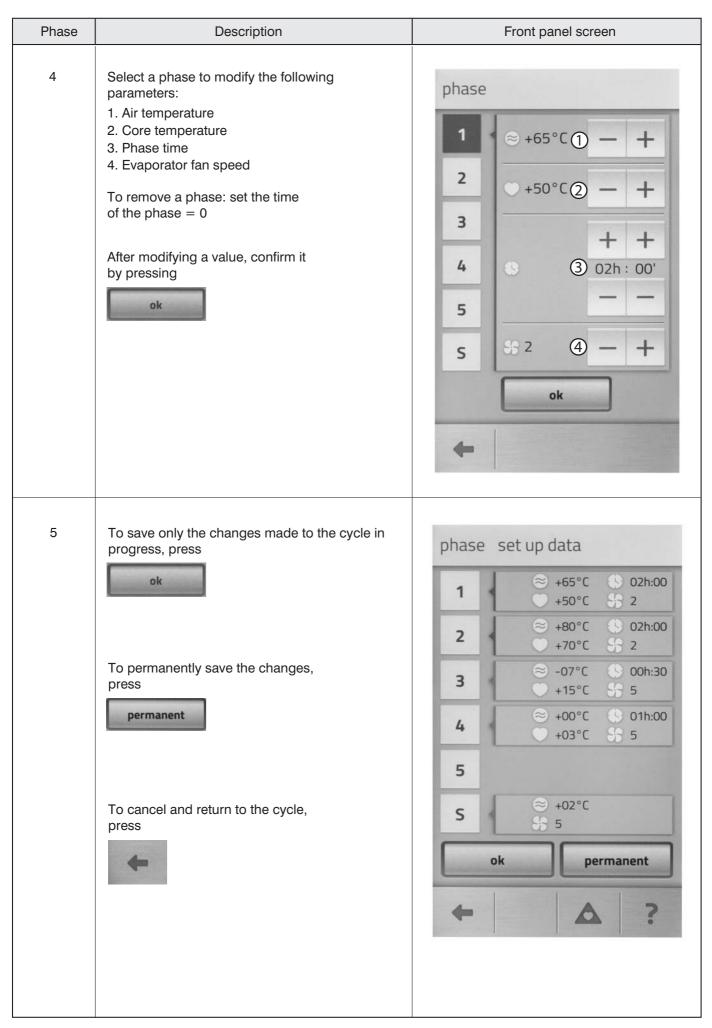
3.6 Programming the parameters



OPERATOR PARAMETERS

Item	Default Values	Description
COMPANY NAME		Name of the Customer's Company
SET DATE/TIME	xx/xx/xxxx 0:00	Configuration of the date/time of the blast chiller
LANGUAGE		Setting the language in the menus
UNIT OF MEASUREMENT	°C	Unit of measurement of the temperatures
MACHINE I.D.	01	Unmistakable number of the blast chiller. (Necessary for the connection of the blast chiller via BUS network)
PERIPHERAL ADDRESS		Serial connection address
SET PASSWORD		Password configuration
PERIOD OF RECORDINGS	00'	Interval of time, expressed in minutes, of the recordings. n=0: none recordings n≠0: active Registrations
TYPE OF RECORDINGS	BLAST CHILL	BLAST CHILL only during the cycle recording BLAST CHILL+PRESERVATION CYCLE cycle and preservation recording

Phase	Description	Front panel screen	
3.6.2 MODIFYING THE CYCLE PARAMETERS			
1	The parameters of a cycle can be modified either temporarily or permanently.		
2	The parameters can be modified with the cycle in progress or in standby. Press to view the phases of the cycle.	**+3 continuous cycle	
3	The cycle can comprise various phases depending on the process to be carried out. "S" = PRESERVATION	phase set up data	
	The preset parameters of each phase of the cycle are displayed.	1	
	To modify the parameters, select the required phase	2 +70°C \$\frac{1}{2} 2 \text{2} \text{2}	
		3 +15°C \$6 5	
		4	
		5	
		S	
		ok permanent	
		← A ?	



3.7 SANIGEN

What is it:

Sanigen is a sanitising system that releases **active ions** to reduce the bacteria content present in the air treated and in the surfaces with which it comes into contact. As the air is the carrier of the sanitising process, there are no inaccessible areas, i.e. complete sanitising is guaranteed everywhere.

Sanitisation takes place on the surface of the food products and mainly in the environment, which carries 97% of bacterial contamination for foods.

The absence of bacteria content allows to obtain the following advantages inside the chamber:

- continuous sanitising inside the chamber through time,
- all of the surfaces are treated
- no bad smells.

When to use it:

Sanigen can always be used except during leavening.

How to use it:

Sanigen is installed directly in the factory when requested. The functioning parameters are se in the Factory Parameters and are the fruit of Irinox experience and laboratory tests.

Its functioning is completely automatic.



How does the sanitising cycle function:

sanitising is always active except during the proofing cycle (if envisioned)

- When the temperature in the chamber ≥ 0°C (parameter set in the factory)
 - ~ The sanitising system is activated for a set time
 - The fan in the chamber are controlled for a set time
 - When the fans functioning time has expired, these remain off for a set time
 - ~ When the functioning time has expired, the sanitising system is switched off for the set time
 - The fans functioning and pause times in the chamber are reset.
- When the temperature in the chamber < 0°C (parameter set in the factory)
 - ~ the sanitising cycle is not carried out

Phase	Description	Front panel screen	
SANIGEN - How to see if sanitising is active:			
1	In the main window press to access the settings menu.	defrost operator parameters factory parameters ?	
2	To increase or decrease the aggressiveness of treatment, press the buttons		
3	ACTIVATED (GREEN)		
4	DEACTIVATED		
5	ENABLED BUT NOT ACTIVATED		

Routine maintenance:

	EVERY 6 MONTHS: Cleaning			
0	Remove the power supply to the preserving unit and access the Sanigen			
1	Release the external tab, holding the glass cylinder still			
2	Remove the external net from the glass cylinder, paying attention not to break the glass			
3	Tighten the glass cylinder anti-clockwise, always acting on the red plastic base Wash the external net in warm water, paying attention not to deform it. Remove any dust deposits carefully			
4	Wash the external net in warm water, paying attention not to deform it. Remove any dust deposits carefully			
5	Clean the glass cylinder with a damp cloth. Remove any dust deposits carefully			
6	Tighten the glass cylinder clockwise, always acting on the red plastic base			
7	Check that the glass cylinder is not cracked. If this is the case, the glass cylinder must be replaced			
8	Insert the external net, paying attention not to overlap the internal net and keep a distance of about 5 mm from the red base			
9	Keeping the glass cylinder still, re-insert the external tab checking that it is in good contact with the external net			

	YEARLY: replacement of the glass cylinder and external net			
Order th	ne glass cylinder and external net from IRINOX CODE 3880410			
0	Remove the power supply to the preserving unit and access the Sanigen			
1	Release the external tab, holding the glass cylinder still			
2	Tighten the glass cylinder anti-clockwise, always acting on the red plastic base			
3	Dispose of the glass cylinder with the external net as dry waste, as it is made from re-cyclable materials			
4	Check that the new glass cylinder is not cracked. If this is the case, the glass cylinder must be replaced			
5	Tighten the new glass cylinder clockwise with the external net, always acting on the red plastic base			
6	Check that the external net does not to overlap the internal net and keep a distance of about 5 mm from the red base	CONT.		
7	Keeping the glass cylinder still, re-insert the external tab checking that it is in good contact with the external net			

4. MAINTENANCE

4.1. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

The information and the instructions in this chapter are destined to all staff operating the machine:

the user, the maintenance technician, as well as unskilled staff.

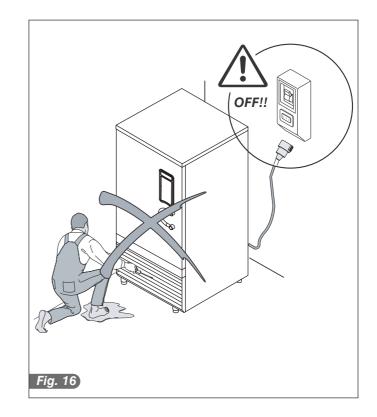
Elementary Safety Standards

In order to clean and carry out routine maintenance in safety, refer to the Safety Standards in par. 1.5 (≯Fig.16):

- do not touch or operate the machine with damp or wet feet and hands.
- do not insert screwdrivers, kitchen tools or other between the protections and moving parts before cleaning and routine maintenance operations.
- disconnect the blast chiller from the electric power supply mains by turning the master switch off and disconnecting the plug.
- do not pull the power supply cable to disconnect the machine from the power supply mains Fig. 16

It is prohibited to remove the protections and safety devices in order to perform routine maintenance. The manufacturer declines any liability for accidents caused by failure to comply with the afore-mentioned obligation.

Before starting the machine, clean the inside of the chamber thoroughly as indicated in paragraph 4.2.

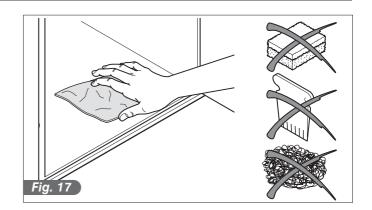


4.2. CLEANING THE CHAMBER

In order to guarantee hygiene and protection of the quality of the foodstuffs treated, the internal cleaning of the chamber must be performed at the end of every working day. Weekly cleaning is recommended.

The conformation of the cell and the internal components allow to wash using a cloth or sponge.

Clean using water and non-abrasive neutral detergents. rinsing is performed with a cloth or sponge soaked in water or with a moderate jet of water (not exceeding mains pressure).





Do not scrape the surfaces with sharp or abrasive bodies.



Do not use abrasives or solvents and thinners.



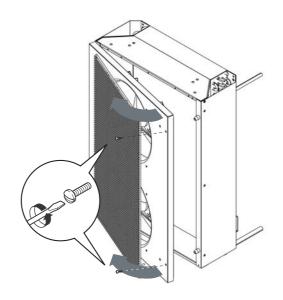
Always wear protective gloves during the following operations.



Alway s wear followin g glove s durin g the following operations.

HOW TO ACCESS THE EVAPORATOR:

It is possible to access internal evaporator cleaning by using a flat screwdriver to loosen the screws situated on the right side of the fan-holder panel and turning the latter to the left.



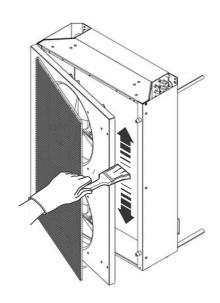
METHODS FOR CLEANING THE EVAPORATOR

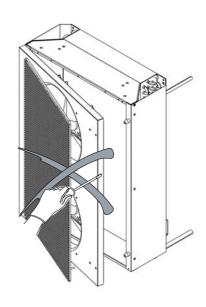
To clea n the evaporato r, us e a brus h wit h vertica I movements along the direction of the aluminium fins.

On completion, close the fan-holder panel by performing the operations in reverse order.



Do not use sharp objects for any reason.

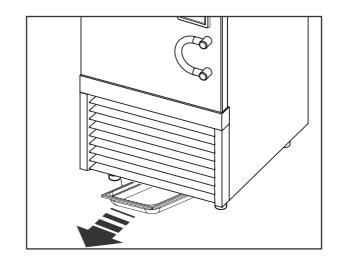




4.2.2. Condensate emptying

The model s with condensing unit incorporate dare equipped with a special basin for collecting condensate and washing water. It is positioned in the lower part of the item.

Periodically empty and clean the basin, sliding it out from under the equipment using the relevant handle.



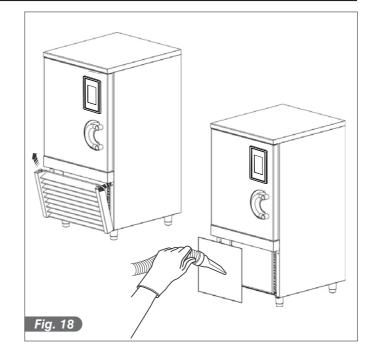
4.3. CLEANING THE CONDENSER

For the blast chillers with condensing unit incorporated, access the condenser by pulling the front finned grid. In the remote condensing unit it is necessary that the air cooled condenser is kept clean in order to allow the air to circulate freely.

This operation must be performed every 30 days maximum. It can be carried out using non-metal brushes in order to remove all of the dust and soot from the condenser fins themselves. The use of a suction device is recommended in order to prevent the dispersion of the dust removed into the environment. Whenever there are greasy deposits, use a brush soaked in alcohol.

Do not scrape the surfaces with sharp or abrasive bodies.

During the above-mentioned operations, always wear protective gloves, glasses and masks for protection of the respiratory tract.



4.4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

The machine electronic control is equipped with a visual system that indicates the presence of an alarm.

The alarms are recorded in a list of alarms.

Diagnostics managed by the electronics:

- A window displays the type of alarm in progress
- In the case of several alarms at the same time, the will be displayed cyclically in a window
- Press the alarm field to view it

Alarm window	Decription	Possible cause	Possible solution
	High pressure alarm	High room temperature (over 35°C)	
		Condenser filter dirty	Clean the condenser
		Condenser fan broken	Technician intervention
DDESCRIDE SWITCH ALADM		Peak condenser of the condenser fan fault	Technician intervention
PRESSURE SWITCH ALARM		Condensation control pressure switch faulty (only for versions with remote unit or remote condenser)	Technician intervention
		High pressure pressure switch faulty	Technician intervention
		Excessive gas load in the plant	Technician intervention
		Compressor discharge cock closed	Open the compressor discharge cock
AIR PROBE FAULT	Chamber air probe faulty	Air probe fault	Replacement of air probe
CORE PROBE FAULT	Core probe fault	Breakdown of core probe	Replacement of the core probe
COMPRESSOR ALARM	Compressor circuit breaker alarm	The wire that annuls the alarm is disconnected	Control, using the wiring diagram: the wire between the CNIN-7 and CNIN-8 clamps is connected correctly.
EVAPORATOR DOOR OPEN	Evaporator door open alarm	The wire that annuls the alarm is disconnected	Control, using the wiring diagram: the wire between the CNIN-5 and CNIN-6 clamps is connected correctly.
		The door is not closed correctly	Close the door by pushing it towards the chamber
DOOR OPEN	Door open alarm (except for during the defrost cycle)	Micro switch fault, which controls the door closure	Technician intervention to replace the micro switch
		The micro switch wires are disconnected from the clamps	Insert the micro switch wires well into clamps 6 and 7 of the electric control board

Diagnostics NOT managed by the electronics:

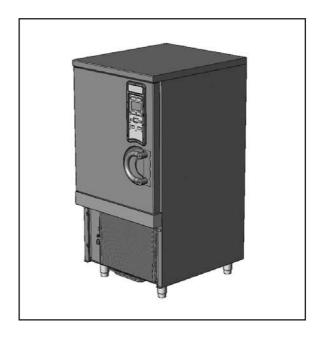
Malfunction	Possible cause	Possible solution
	No power supply	Check the connection to the electric line
The front board does not switch on	Bus Connector between the disconnected boards	Insert the Bus cable into the dedicated connector in the front board and in the Relay board
	Intervention of the protection fuses.	Replacement of the fuses by an authorised technician
	No power supply	Check the connection to the electric line
The chamber fans do not turn	Fan fault	Intervention of a technician for fan replacement
	Relay board fault	Intervention of a technician for fan replacement
	No power supply	Check the connection to the electric line
	Intervention of the auxiliary circuit protection fuses	Fuse replacement by an authorised technician
	Intervention of the internal Klixson due to overloads	Technician intervention
The compressor does not function	Intervention of a magnet circuit breaker switch	Intervention of a technician for re-arming the switch and checking calibration.
	Intervention of the high pressure switch	Control electronic diagnostics (ALP alarm) Technician intervention
	No Relay board consent	Intervention of a technician to replace the circuit board
	Remote control switch fault	Intervention of a technician to control the remote control switch
	No refrigerant gas	Technician intervention
The compressor functions	Electrovalve fault	Technician intervention
but does not cool the chamber	Dirty condenser	Clean condensing battery
	Liquid line electrovalve fault	Technician intervention for replacement of electrovalve or coil
	No power supply	Check the connection to the electric line
	Pressure switch fault	Intervention of a technician for replacing the device
The condenser fan does not function	Fan fault	Intervention of a technician for replacing the fan
	Peak condenser fault	Technician intervention for replacement of the peak condenser
	No compressor remote control switch consent	Intervention of a technician to control the compressor remote control
No evaporator defrost	Defrost cycle incorrect programming	Control defrost cycle programming

4.5. EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE

The information and instructions in this paragraph are destined exclusively to the specialised staff authorised to intervene on the electric and refrigerator components of the machine.

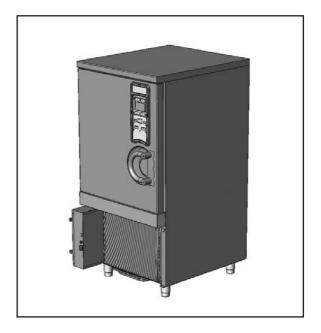
4.5.1. How to access the front circuit board:

- Remove the power supply to the Blast Chiller
- Pull the steel frame from the plastic front panel on the door. The frame is fixed via a series of magnets.
- Loosen the Allen screws that fix the plastic front panel.
- The front panel can be extracted.
- The circuit board is fixed onto the rear of the front panel.



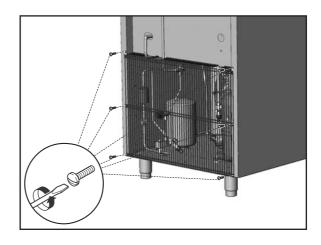
4.5.2. How to access the electric control board and the relay board:

- Remove the power supply to the Blast Chiller
- Pull the front finned grill with determination
- The electric box is on the left part of the blast chiller
- Loosen the screws that block the electric box and extract it by pulling it outwards, paying attention to accompany the rear bundle of cables
- Pull the lid to release it
- · Access the electric control box and the relay board



4.5.3. How to access the condensing plant (where applicable):

 Remove the rear protection grid, loosening the screws with a flat screwdriver





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